Utah 1997

sued December 1999

EC97TCF-UT

1997 Economic Census

*Transportation*1997 Commodity Flow Survey









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Transportation 1997 Commodity Flow Survey







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Introduction to the Economic Census

PURPOSES AND USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUS

The economic census is the major source of facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy. It provides essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public. Title 13 of the United States Code (Sections 131, 191, and 224) directs the Census Bureau to take the economic census every 5 years, covering years ending in 2 and 7.

The economic census furnishes an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross domestic product estimates, input/output measures, production and price indexes, and other statistical series that measure short-term changes in economic conditions. Specific uses of economic census data include the following:

- Policymaking agencies of the Federal Government use the data to monitor economic activity and assess the effectiveness of policies.
- State and local governments use the data to assess business activities and tax bases within their jurisdictions and to develop programs to attract business.
- Trade associations study trends in their own and competing industries, which allows them to keep their members informed of market changes.
- Individual businesses use the data to locate potential markets and to analyze their own production and sales performance relative to industry or area averages.

BASIS OF REPORTING

The economic census is conducted on an establishment basis. A company operating at more than one location is required to file a separate report for each store, factory, shop, or other location. Each establishment is assigned a separate industry classification based on its primary activity and not that of its parent company.

AVAILABILITY OF ADDITIONAL DATA

Reports in Print and Electronic Media

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site (www.census.gov) and on compact discs (CD-ROM) for sale by the Census Bureau. Unlike previous censuses, only selected highlights are

published in printed reports. For more information, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the Internet site, or write to U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-8300, or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

HISTORICAL INFORMATION

The economic census has been taken as an integrated program at 5-year intervals since 1967 and before that for 1954, 1958, and 1963. Prior to that time, individual components of the economic census were taken separately at varying intervals.

The economic census traces its beginnings to the 1810 Decennial Census, when questions on manufacturing were included with those for population. Coverage of economic activities was expanded for the 1840 Decennial Census and subsequent censuses to include mining and some commercial activities. The 1905 Manufactures Census was the first time a census was taken apart from the regular decennial population census. Censuses covering retail and wholesale trade and construction industries were added in 1930, as were some covering service trades in 1933. Censuses of construction, manufacturing, and the other business service censuses were suspended during World War

The 1954 Economic Census was the first census to be fully integrated: providing comparable census data across economic sectors, using consistent time periods, concepts, definitions, classifications, and reporting units. It was the first census to be taken by mail, using lists of firms provided by the administrative records of other Federal agencies. Since 1963, administrative records also have been used to provide basic statistics for very small firms, reducing or eliminating the need to send them census questionnaires.

The range of industries covered in the economic censuses expanded between 1967 and 1992. The census of construction industries began on a regular basis in 1967, and the scope of service industries, introduced in 1933, was broadened in 1967, 1977, and 1987. While a few transportation industries were covered as early as 1963, it was not until 1992 that the census broadened to include all of transportation, communications, and utilities. Also new for 1992 was coverage of financial, insurance, and real estate industries. With these additions, the economic census and the separate census of governments and census of agriculture collectively covered roughly 98 percent of all economic activity.

Printed statistical reports from the 1992 and earlier censuses provide historical figures for the study of longterm time series and are available in some large libraries. All of the census reports printed since 1967 are still available for sale on microfiche from the Census Bureau. CD-ROMs issued from the 1987 and 1992 Economic Censuses contain databases including nearly all data published in print, plus additional statistics, such as ZIP Code statistics, published only on CD-ROM.

SOURCES FOR MORE INFORMATION

More information about the scope, coverage, classification system, data items, and publications for each of the economic censuses and related surveys is published in the Guide to the 1997 Economic Census and Related Statistics at www.census.gov/econguide. More information on the methodology, procedures, and history of the censuses will be published in the History of the 1997 Economic Census at www.census.gov/econ/www/history.html.

1997 Commodity Flow Survey

GENERAL

The 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is undertaken through a partnership between the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation. This survey produces data on the movement of goods in the United States. It provides information on commodities shipped, their value, weight, and mode of transportation, as well as the origin and destination of shipments of manufacturing, mining, wholesale, and selected retail establishments. The CFS was last conducted in 1993. See the Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey table (Appendix A) for a comparison between the 1997 and 1993 surveys. The data from the CFS are used by public policy analysts and for transportation planning and decision-making to assess the demand for transportation facilities and services, energy use, and safety risk and environmental concerns.

This report presents data at the state level. Additional reports will include data for the United States, census regions, divisions, and selected metropolitan areas, as well as selected data on exports and hazardous material shipments.

INDUSTRY COVERAGE

The 1997 CFS covers business establishments in mining, manufacturing, wholesale trade, and selected retail industries. The survey also covers selected auxiliary establishments (e.g., warehouses) of in-scope multiunit and retail companies. The survey coverage excludes establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most establishments in retail.

The industries covered, as defined in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC), are listed in the following table:

SIC code	Title
10, ex. 108 12, ex. 124	Metal mining (excluding metal mining services) Coal mining (excluding coal mining services)
13	Oil and gas extraction ¹
14, ex. 148	Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic minerals, except fuels (excluding nonmetallic minerals services)
20	Food and kindred products
21	Tobacco products
22	Textile mill products
23	Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials
24	Lumber and wood products, except furniture
25	Furniture and fixtures
26	Paper and allied products
27, ex. 279	Printing, publishing, and allied industries (excluding service industries for the printing trade)
28	Chemicals and allied products
29	Petroleum refining and related industries
30	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products
31	Leather and leather products
32	Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
33	Primary metal industries
34	Fabricated metal products, except machinery and transportation equipment
35	Industrial and commercial machinery and computer equipment
36	Electronic and other electrical equipment and components, except computer equipment
37	Transportation equipment
38	Measuring, analyzing, and controlling instruments; photographic, medical and optical goods; watches and clocks
39	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
50	Wholesale trade—durable goods
51	Wholesale trade—nondurable goods
596	Catalog and mail-order houses

¹We included establishments classified in SIC 13, Oil and Gas Extraction, in the initial coverage of the 1997 CFS. However, because of unresolved industry-wide reporting issues, we have removed shipments from these establishments from our 1997 CFS tabulations. The data collected from these establishments will be used as input to a special report at a later date.

Similarly, because establishments in SIC 13 are responsible for the overwhelming number of shipments classified in SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum, we have removed all shipments with SCTG 16 from the 1997 CFS publication results.

SHIPMENT COVERAGE

The CFS captures data on shipments originating from selected types of business establishments located in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The data do not cover shipments originating from business establishments located in Puerto Rico and other U.S. possessions and territories. Shipments traversing the U.S. from a foreign location to another foreign location (e.g., from Canada to Mexico) are not included, nor are shipments from a foreign location to a U.S. location. Imported products are included in the CFS at the point that they left the importer's domestic location for shipment to another location. Shipments that are shipped through a foreign territory with both the origin and destination in the U.S. are included in the CFS data. The mileages calculated for these shipments exclude the international segments (e.g., shipments from New York to Michigan through Canada do not include any mileages for Canada). Export shipments are included, with the domestic destination defined as the port of exit from the U.S.

The "Industry Coverage" section of the text lists the SIC groups covered by the CFS. Other industry areas that are not covered, but may have significant shipping activity, include agriculture, government, and retail (other than warehouses and SIC 5961, Catalog and Mail-Order Houses). For agriculture specifically, this means that the CFS did not cover shipments of agricultural products from the farm site to the processing centers or terminal elevators (most likely short-distance local movements), but does cover the shipments of these products from the initial processing centers or terminal elevators onward.

MILEAGE CALCULATIONS

To compute shipment mileages for the 1997 CFS, The Center for Transportation Analysis (CTA) at Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) developed an integrated, intermodal transportation network modeling system. A secure data site was setup at ORNL to process census-supplied files containing data elements for individual CFS shipment records. Each record contained the ZIP Code of shipment origin and destination, and the mode or mode sequence reported. Each record also contained information on the type of commodity moved, its weight, dollar value and whether containerized or a hazardous material. Export shipments were also identified on the records, along with data on U.S. port of exit and foreign destination city and country. Encrypted data files were transmitted and returned from ORNL after processing, with turnaround of most files on a week-by-week basis. In this manner many shipment-specific data problems encountered by ORNL in their routing procedures were reported back to census in a timely fashion, allowing census to call back some shippers and thereby confirm, correct, or recover missing or otherwise unusable data. The ORNL system computed mileages, by mode, for all single modes and for any reported

multimodal sequence. This was done for any origindestination pair of domestic ZIP Code locations, and for any internal ZIP Code of origin, via U.S. export port, to foreign (export) destination. Mileages between origindestination ZIP Code centroids were computed by finding the minimum impedance path over mathematical representations of the highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline networks and then summing the lengths of individual links on these paths. Impedance is computed as a weighted combination of distance, time, and cost factors.

The ORNL multimodal network database is composed of individual modal-specific networks representing each of the major transportation modes—highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline. The links of these specific modal networks are the representation of line-haul transportation facilities. The nodes represent intersections and interchanges, and the access points to the transportation network. To simulate local access, test links are created from each five-digit ZIP Code centroid to nearby nodes on the network. For the truck network, local access is assumed to exist everywhere. For the other modes this is not true. Before any test links are created for these modes, a search procedure is used to determine if and where such networks are most likely to provide access to the ZIP Code. For shipments involving more than one mode, such as truck-rail or rail-water shipments, intermodal transfer links are added to the network database for the purpose of connecting the individual modal networks together for routing purposes. An intermodal terminals database and a number of terminal transfer models were developed at ORNL to identify likely transfer points for different classes of freight. A measure of link impedance was calculated for each access, line-haul, and intermodal transfer link traversed by a shipment. These impedances were mode specific and are based on various link characteristics. For example, the set of link characteristics for the highway network included speed impacting factors, such as the presence of divided or undivided roadway, the degree of access control, rural or urban setting, type of pavement, number of lanes, degree of urban congestion, and length of the link. Link impedance measures are also assigned to the local access links. Intermodal transfer link impedances are estimated in terms of the time it takes to move goods through such a transfer. In the case of rail and air freight, intercarrier transfer penalties are also considered in order to obtain proper route selections. A minimum path algorithm is used to find the minimum impedance path between a shipment's origin ZIP Code centroid and destination ZIP Code centroid. The cumulative length of the local access plus line-haul links on this path provides the estimated shipment distance. When rail was involved these shipment distances may be averaged over more than one path between an origin-destination pair.

Mileage Data for Pipeline Shipments

In the tables, we do not show ton-miles or average miles per shipment for pipeline shipments. For most of these shipments, the respondents reported the shipment destination as a pipeline facility on the main pipeline network. Therefore, for the majority of these shipments, the resulting mileage represented only the access distance through feeder pipelines to the main pipeline network, and not the actual distance through the main pipeline network. Pipeline shipments are included in the U.S. totals for ton-miles and average miles per shipment.

DISCLOSURE RULES

In accordance with Federal law governing Census Bureau reports, no data are published that would disclose the operations of an individual firm or establishment.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Average miles per shipment. For the 1993 CFS, we excluded shipments of STCC 27, Printed Matter, from our calculation of average miles per shipment. We made this decision after determining that respondents in the 1993 CFS shipping newspapers, magazines, catalogs, etc., had used widely varying definitions of the term "shipment."

For the 1997 CFS, we made numerous efforts throughout our data collection and editing to produce consistent results from establishments shipping SCTG 29, Printed Products. As a result, we have included printed products in the average miles per shipment calculations for the 1997 CFS.

Commodity. Products that an establishment produces, sells, or distributes. This does not include items that are considered as excess or byproducts of the establishment's operation. Respondents reported the description and the five-digit SCTG code for the major commodity contained in the shipment, defined as the commodity with the greatest weight in the total shipment.

Distance shipped. In some tables, shipment data are presented for various "distance shipped" intervals. Shipments were categorized into these "distance shipped" intervals based on the great circle distance between their origin and destination ZIP Code centroids. All other distance-related data in this and other tables (i.e., tonmiles and average miles per shipment) are based on the mileage calculations produced by Oak Ridge National Laboratories. (See the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details.)

Great circle distance. The shortest distance between two points on the earth's surface.

Mode of transportation. The type of transportation used for moving the shipment to its domestic destination. For exports, the domestic destination was the port of exit.

Mode Definitions

In the instructions to the respondent, we defined the possible modes as follows:

- 1. Parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service. Delivery services, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.
- 2. **Private truck.** Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of an establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.
- 3. For-hire truck. Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.
- 4. **Railroad.** Any common carrier or private railroad.
- 5. Shallow draft vessels. Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.
- 6. **Deep draft vessel.** Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vessels.
- 7. **Pipeline.** Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc., through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.
- 8. Air. Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.
- 9. Other mode. Any mode not listed above.
- 10. **Unknown.** The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service, and the respondent could not determine what mode of transportation was used.

In the tables, we have used additional terms for mode, which we define as follows:

- 1. Air (includes truck and air). Shipments that used air or a combination of truck and air.
- 2. **Single modes.** Shipments using only one of the above-listed modes, except parcel or other and unknown.
- 3. Multiple modes. Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier shipments or shipments for which two or more of the following modes of transportation were used:

Private truck For-hire truck Shallow draft vessel Deep draft vessel Pipeline

We did not allow for multiple modes in combination with "parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier," "unknown," or "other." By their nature, these shipments may already include various kinds of multiplemode activity. For example, if the respondent reported a shipment's mode of transportation as parcel and air, we treated the shipment as parcel only.

- 4. **Other multiple modes.** Shipments using any other mode combinations not specifically listed in the tables.
- 5. Other and unknown modes. Shipments for which modes were not reported, or were reported by the respondent as "Other" or "Unknown."
- 6. **Truck.** Shipments using for-hire truck only, private truck only, or a combination of for-hire truck and private truck.
- 7. **Water.** Shipments using shallow draft vessel only. deep draft vessel only, or Great Lakes vessel only. Combinations of these modes, such as shallow draft vessel and Great Lakes vessel are included as "Other multiple modes."
- 8. **Great Lakes.** In the tables in this publication, "Great Lakes" appears as a single mode. ORNL's transportation network and mileage calculation system allowed for separate mileage calculations for Great Lakes between the origin and destination ZIP Codes (see the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details).

Other Definitions and Terms

Shipment. A shipment (or delivery) is an individual movement of commodities from an establishment to a customer or to another location of the originating company (including a warehouse, distribution center, retail or wholesale outlet). A shipment uses one or more modes of transportation including parcel delivery, U.S. Postal Service, courier, private truck, for-hire truck, rail, water, pipeline, air, and other modes.

Standard Classification of Transported Goods

(SCTG). The commodities shown in this report are classified using the SCTG coding system. The SCTG coding system was developed jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System to address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

Ton-miles. The weight times the mileage for a shipment. The respondents reported shipment weight in pounds, as described below. Mileage was calculated as the distance between the shipment origin and destination ZIP Codes. For shipments by truck, rail, or shallow draft vessels, the mileage excludes international segments. For example, mileages from Alaska to the continental United States

exclude any mileages through Canada (see the "Mileage" Calculations" section for more details). Aggregated poundmiles were converted to ton-miles. The ton-miles data are displayed in millions.

Tons shipped. The total weight of the entire shipment. Respondents reported the weight in pounds. Aggregated pounds were converted to short-tons (2,000 pounds). The tons data are displayed in thousands.

Total modal activity. The overall activity (e.g., ton-miles) of a specific mode of transportation, whether used in a single-mode shipment, or as part of a multiple-mode shipment. For example, the total modal activity for private truck is the total ton-miles carried by private truck in single-mode shipments, combined with the total ton-miles carried by private truck in all multiple-mode shipments that include private truck (private truck and for-hire truck, private truck and rail, private truck and air, etc.)

Value of shipments. The dollar value of the entire shipment. This was defined as the net selling value, f.o.b. plant, exclusive of freight charges and excise taxes. The value data are displayed in millions of dollars.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in the tables for this publication:

- D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
- Represents zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
- S Data do not meet publication standards due to high sampling variability or other reasons.
- CFS Commodity Flow Survey.

lb Pounds.

Not elsewhere classified. n.e.c.

Not applicable. NA

Not otherwise specified. n.o.s.

OTHER TRANSPORTATION DATA

Users of transportation data may be especially interested in the following reports:

Economic Census: Transportation Sector covers establishments that provide passenger and freight transportation to the general public, government, or other busi-

Published data include kind of business, geographic location, total operating revenue, annual and first quarter payroll, and number of employees for pay period including March 12.

Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey covers state and U.S. level statistics on the physical and operational characteristics of the Nation's truck, van, minivan, and sport utility vehicle population. Some of the types of data collected

include number of vehicles, major use, body type, annual miles, model year, vehicle size, fuel type, operator classification, engine size, range of operation, weeks operated, products carried, and hazardous materials carried. This survey shows comparative statistics reflecting percent changes in number of vehicles between 1997 and 1992 for most characteristics.

Transportation Annual Survey covers firms with paid employees that provide commercial motor freight transportation and public warehousing services. Data collected include operating revenue and operating revenue by

source, total expenses and expenses percentage of motor carrier freight revenue by commodity type, size of shipments handled, length of haul, and vehicle fleet inventory.

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For more information on any Census Bureau product, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the web site or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		To	ons	Ton-		
Mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	42 263	100.0	96 429	100.0	37 811	100.0	497
Single modes	35 479	83.9	85 869	89.0	27 019	71.5	193
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	29 378 15 112 14 223	69.5 35.8 33.7	62 224 20 718 41 436	64.5 21.5 43.0	8 116 5 890 2 218	21.5 15.6 5.9	118 597 47
Rail	3 313	7.8	20 431	21.2	18 720	49.5	654
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	1 808 980	4.3 2.3	35 3 179	3.3	68 S	.2 S	1 602 S
Multiple modes	5 691	13.5	s	s	s	s	970
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	5 445 S S - -	12.9 S S - -	215 S 12 - -	.2 S - -	116 S 38 - -	.3 S .1 -	970 1 175 3 150 - -
Other and unknown modes	1 093	2.6	1 754	1.8	s	s	81

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and Table 1b.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons			Ton-miles			Average miles per shipment			
Mode of transportation	1997 (million dollars)	1993 (million dollars)	Percent change	1997 (thousands)	1993 (thousands)	Percent change	1997 (millions)	1993 (millions)	Percent change	1997	1993	Percent change
All modes	42 263	35 599	18.7	96 429	156 825	-38.5	37 811	33 991	11.2	497	474	4.8
Single modes	35 479	30 233	17.3	85 869	90 384	-5.0	27 019	29 592	-8.7	193	225	-14.2
Truck ¹	29 378 15 112 14 223	25 159 14 575 10 243	16.8 3.7 38.9	62 224 20 718 41 436	42 295 15 291 26 338	47.1 35.5 57.3	8 116 5 890 2 218	6 201 4 691 1 444	30.9 25.6 53.5	118 597 47	152 545 59	-22.3 9.5 -20.6
Rail	3 313	2 758	20.1	20 431	45 394	-55.0	18 720	s	s	654	1 111	-41.1
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²	1 808 980	1 512 804	19.5 21.9	35 3 179	12 2 682	183.0 18.5	68 S	23 S	197.9 S	1 602 S	1 752 S	-8.6 S
Multiple modes	5 691	4 705	20.9	s	s	s	s	948	s	970	855	13.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	5 445 S S - -	3 768 S 21 -	44.5 S S - -	215 S 12 - -	116 S 9 -	85.3 S 34.7 –	116 S 38 - -	95 825 28 – –	22.4 S 36.3 - -	970 1 175 3 150 - -	853 1 032 3 283 - -	13.7 13.9 -4.0 -
Other and unknown modes	1 093	661	65.4	1 754	64 343	-97.3	s	s	s	81	225	-63.8

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

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^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck.

2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 1c. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of **Total for 1997 and 1993**

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles (percent)		
wode of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Single modes	83.9	84.9	89.0	57.6	71.5	87.1	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck. Private truck	69.5 35.8 33.7	70.7 40.9 28.8	64.5 21.5 43.0	27.0 9.8 16.8	21.5 15.6 5.9	18.2 13.8 4.2	
Rail	7.8	7.7	21.2	28.9	49.5	S	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²	4.3 2.3	4.2 2.3	3.3	1.7	.2 S	Š	
Multiple modes	13.5	13.2	s	s	s	2.8	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	12.9 S S - -	10.6 S - - -	.2 S - -	- S - -	.3 S .1 -	.3 2.4 - - -	
Other and unknown modes	2.6	1.9	1.8	41.0	S	s	

Table 2. Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Ton-		
Mode of transportation ¹	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Total	37 811	100.0	484
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	8 946 27 939 — — 30	23.7 73.9 – – –	115 698 - 2 440
Air Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Pipeline Other and unknown modes	66 116 S S	.2 .3 S S	1 540 970 S 81

¹Data represent activity for a given mode across single and multiple mode shipments. For example, "Truck" ton-miles includes total ton-miles for shipments moving by truck only plus ton-miles for truck segments only of multiple mode shipments.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.

D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.

S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols		lue		ons	Ton-	miles
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent
All modes	42 263	100.0	96 429	100.0	37 811	100.0
Less than 50 miles	15 468 1 751 2 285 3 732 7 710	36.6 4.1 5.4 8.8 18.2	52 262 14 060 2 852 7 805 8 090	54.2 14.6 3.0 8.1 8.4	1 131 2 072 592 5 137 7 117	3.0 5.5 1.6 13.6 18.8
750 to 999 miles	960 4 113 5 389 855	2.3 9.7 12.8 2.0	1 276 S S 94	1.3 S S S.	1 522 S S 239	4.0 S S .6
Single modes	35 479	100.0	85 869	100.0	27 019	100.0
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	14 167 1 495 1 829 2 909 6 367	39.9 4.2 5.2 8.2 17.9	51 209 10 655 2 790 7 071 6 560	59.6 12.4 3.2 8.2 7.6	1 116 1 364 577 4 545 5 737	4.1 5.1 2.1 16.8 21.2
750 to 999 miles	578 3 193 4 474 466	1.6 9.0 12.6 1.3	1 234 S S 54	1.4 S S -	1 479 S S 134	5.5 S S .5
Truck ¹	29 378	100.0	62 224	100.0	8 116	100.0
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	12 475 1 368 1 820 2 685 5 294	42.5 4.7 6.2 9.1 18.0	47 159 5 955 2 695 1 883 2 386	75.8 9.6 4.3 3.0 3.8	1 093 559 552 861 1 808	13.5 6.9 6.8 10.6 22.3
750 to 999 miles	471 2 572 2 291 S	1.6 8.8 7.8 S	\$ 738 479 45	1.2 .8 -	S 1 107 967 107	S 13.6 11.9 1.3
For-hire truck	15 112	100.0	20 718	100.0	5 890	100.0
Less than 50 miles	1 933 501 635 1 974 4 545	12.8 3.3 4.2 13.1 30.1	10 936 3 697 1 087 1 139 2 005	52.8 17.8 5.2 5.5 9.7	381 363 228 553 1 523	6.5 6.2 3.9 9.4 25.9
750 to 999 miles	405 2 477 2 244 S	2.7 16.4 14.8 S	S 694 448 44	\$ 3.3 2.2 .2	S 1 043 899 103	S 17.7 15.3 1.8
Private truck	14 223	100.0	41 436	100.0	2 218	100.0
Less than 50 miles	10 523 866 1 179 695 749	74.0 6.1 8.3 4.9 5.3	36 183 2 258 1 583 740 380	87.3 5.4 3.8 1.8	710 196 320 306 284	32.0 8.8 14.4 13.8 12.8
750 to 999 miles	67 95 47 2	.5 .7 .3 –	\$ 44 \$ \$	S .1 S S	\$ 64 \$ \$	\$ 2.9 \$ \$
Rail	3 313	100.0	20 431	100.0	18 720	100.0
Less than 50 miles	\$ 123 2 119 366	3.7 - 3.6 11.0	1 082 S 95 5 136 4 008	5.3 S .5 25.1 19.6	8 S 25 3 669 3 840	S .1 19.6 20.5
750 to 999 miles . 1,000 to 1,499 miles . 1,500 to 1,999 miles . 2,000 miles or more .	15 346 1 576	.5 10.4 47.6 –	350 S S	1.7 S S -	416 S S -	2.2 S S
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Shallow draft	_	_	_	_	-	-
Less than 50 miles	- - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbol	Ī					-0	
Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Va	lue	То	ns	Ton-	miles	
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Single modes—Con.							
Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_	
50 to 99 miles		-	-		_	-	
250 to 499 miles	-	-	-	-	-	-	
500 to 749 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_	
750 to 999 miles				_	_	-	
1,500 to 1,999 miles		_ _	_ _		_		
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_	
50 to 99 miles	_	_	_	=	_	=	
100 to 249 miles						-	
500 to 749 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_	
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_ _	_ _	_	_	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2,000 miles or more	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Air (includes truck and air)	1 808	100.0	35	100.0	68	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	_ S	_ S				_ _	
100 to 249 miles	7 92	.4 5.1	S 1	.2 S 1.8	S	S .6	
500 to 749 miles	667	36.9	6	16.2	5	7.1	
750 to 999 miles	92	5.1	.1	1.8	.1	1.4	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	275 607	15.2 33.6	13	36.5 17.6	23 12	34.0 17.6	
2,000 miles or more	65	3.6	9	25.7	27	39.2	
Pipeline ²	980	100.0	3 179	100.0	S	s	
Less than 50 miles	927	94.6	2 968	93.4	S	S	
50 to 99 miles					S	S S	
250 to 499 miles	S S	S S	SS	S S	9999	9999	
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_			
1,000 to 1,499 miles	_	_	_	=	SS	9999	
1,500 to 1,999 miles					SS	8	
Multiple modes	5 691	100.0	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles	654	11.5	s	s	1	_	
50 to 99 miles	228 371	4.0 6.5	S 35	S .4	S	S	
250 to 499 miles	763	13.4	S	S	SSS	\$ \$ \$ \$	
500 to 749 miles	1 199	21.1		5	5	5	
750 to 999 miles	353 859	6.2 15.1	6 S	- S	7 S	- S .5	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	877 387	15.4 6.8	23 36	.3 .4	49 98	.5 1.0	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier							
•	5 445	100.0	215	100.0	116	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	654 173	12.0 3.2	S 9	S 4.4	1	.8 .8	
100 to 249 miles	368 748	6.8 13.7	19 28	9.0 12.9	4 13	3.8 11.1	
500 to 749 miles	1 160	21.3	26	12.2	20	17.0	
750 to 999 miles	353	6.5	6	2.9	7	6.2	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	763 861	14.0 15.8	16 17	7.6 8.0	25 36	21.6 31.1	
2,000 miles or more	364	6.7	4	1.6	9	7.7	
Truck and rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles	s	s	s	s	s	S	
50 to 99 miles	S S	S S	S	S S	S	S	
250 to 499 miles	S	S	S	S S	SS	9999	
500 to 749 miles	S	S	S				
750 to 999 miles	S S	S S	S S	S S	SS	9 9 9 9	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	S	S	S	S	SSS	S	
2,000 miles or more	S	S		S			
Truck and water	S	S	12	100.0	38	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_ _		-	
100 to 249 miles	-	=	=	=	-	_ _	
250 to 499 miles		_ _	_ _		_ _	_ _	
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1,000 to 1,499 miles				-	_		
1,500 to 1,999 miles	S S	S S	S 12	S 98.5	S 38	S 99.0	

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

. ,							
Made of transportation and distance chirpsed	Va	lue	To	ons	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	-	-	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	
Other and unknown modes	1 093	100.0	1 754	100.0	s	s	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	647 28 S S 144	59.2 2.6 S S 13.1	964 10 27 S S	55.0 .6 1.6 S S	S 1 6 S S	82988	
750 to 999 miles	S 61 38 2	S 5.5 3.5 .2	S S 24 S	S S 1.4 S	S S 48 S	S S 8.0 S	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value			ons	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	42 263	100.0	96 429	100.0	37 811	100.0	497
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	6 639 1 699 4 168 1 307 869	15.7 4.0 9.9 3.1 2.1	182 153 663 304 199	.2 .2 .7 .3 .2	70 30 110 56 34	.2 - .3 .1 -	678 196 163 185 174
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	8 626 11 524 2 550 4 882	20.4 27.3 6.0 11.6	3 759 22 203 28 642 40 324	3.9 23.0 29.7 41.8	772 5 046 2 108 29 584	2.0 13.3 5.6 78.2	228 210 77 281
Single modes	35 479	100.0	85 869	100.0	27 019	100.0	193
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	2 611 913 3 175 1 150 807	7.4 2.6 8.9 3.2 2.3	99 95 572 286 181	.1 .1 .7 .3 .2	13 8 81 49 32	- .3 .2 .1	245 89 133 170 177
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	8 326 11 246 2 534 4 717	23.5 31.7 7.1 13.3	3 556 21 282 28 560 31 238	4.1 24.8 33.3 36.4	730 4 773 2 086 19 248	2.7 17.7 7.7 71.2	231 206 76 272
Truck¹ Less than 50 lb	29 378 1 771	100.0	62 224 95	100.0	8 116	100.0	118
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	725 2 695 1 081 776	6.0 2.5 9.2 3.7 2.6	94 568 285 180	.2 .2 .9 .5 .3	6 6 75 47 30	.9 .6 .4	67 121 163 168
1,000 to 9,999 lb. 10,000 to 49,999 lb. 50,000 to 99,999 lb. 100,000 lb or more	8 149 11 187 2 503 491	27.7 38.1 8.5 1.7	3 541 21 201 28 463 S	5.7 34.1 45.7 S	703 4 698 2 032 518	8.7 57.9 25.0 6.4	224 203 75 S
For-hire truck	15 112	100.0	20 718	100.0	5 890	100.0	597
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	686 163 970 521 S	4.5 1.1 6.4 3.4 S	8 6 66 37 35	- .3 .2 .2	4 3 40 32 22	- .7 .5 .4	681 547 577 837 642
1,000 to 9,999 lb. 10,000 to 49,999 lb. 50,000 to 99,999 lb. 100,000 lb or more	4 411 6 854 850 247	29.2 45.4 5.6 1.6	764 6 121 12 731 950	3.7 29.5 61.5 4.6	505 3 705 1 359 219	8.6 62.9 23.1 3.7	737 592 123 S
Private truck	14 223	100.0	41 436	100.0	2 218	100.0	47
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 50 to 99 lb 50 to 999 lb 50 to 999 lb	1 085 562 1 722 559 363	7.6 4.0 12.1 3.9 2.5	87 88 501 248 145	.2 .2 1.2 .6 .3	3 3 34 15 7	.1 .1 1.5 .7 .3	32 36 64 61 51
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	3 715 4 324 1 650 243	26.1 30.4 11.6 1.7	2 767 15 042 15 712 S	6.7 36.3 37.9 S	197 991 669 S	8.9 44.7 30.2 S	80 66 41 S
Rail	3 313	100.0	20 431	100.0	18 720	100.0	654
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	S -	S -	S - -	S -	S - -	S - -	1 032
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb		_ _	- -			_ _	_ _
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S 32 S 3 254	S 1.0 S 98.2	S 44 73 20 313	\$.2 .4 99.4	\$ 53 50 18 616	\$.3 .3 99.4	847 1 065 672 627
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
Shallow draft	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb	_ 	_ _	_ _		_ _	_	
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb 1,000 to 9,999 lb	- - -	- - -	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 99,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction	Value			Tons		Ton-miles		Ton-miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment		
Single modes—Con.									
Great Lakes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Less than 50 lb	_					_			
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	_		_	_		_	_		
750 to 999 lb	_	-	-	_	-	-	-		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_		_	_		
50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_		_		
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb		_ _	_		- 1		_		
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	_	-	_	-	-	_	_		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb	_		_		1 1		_		
100,000 lb or more	_	-	-	_	=	_	-		
Air (includes truck and air)	1 808	100.0	35	100.0	68	100.0	1 602		
Less than 50 lb	839 188	46.4 10.4	4	11.7 3.1	6 2	9.5 2.8	1 599 1 746		
100 to 499 lb	481 69	26.6 3.8	4	12.0 3.7	6 2	8.8 2.9	1 535 1 487		
750 to 999 lb	S	S	1	3.2	2	2.8	1 690		
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb	175 S	9.7 S	14 8	38.4 23.4	25 S	37.6 S	1 708 2 172		
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	2 333		
Pipeline ²	980	100.0	3 179	100.0	s	s	s		
Less than 50 lb	_	-	_	_	S	S	S		
50 to 99 lb		_	_		9999	S S	99999		
500 to 749 lb		-	_		S S	S S	S S		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	=	=	-	S	S	S		
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S S	SS	S S	S S	S	S S	9999		
100,000 lb or more	972	99.2	3 128	98.4	S	S			
Multiple modes	5 691 3 728	100.0	S 75	S	S 57	S	970		
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	721 831	65.5 12.7	75 S	.9 S .8	21	.6 .2 .3	1 052 393 422		
500 to 749 lb	S 48	14.6 S	67 9	.1	29 7 2	.5	745 S		
750 to 999 lb	46	.8	10	.1	S	S			
1,000 to 9,999 lb	79	.1 1.4	70	.8	101	1.0	1 729 1 528 S		
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S S	S S	S S	.8 S S	S S	S	1 127		
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	5 445	100.0	215	100.0	116	100.0	970		
Less than 50 lb	3 728	68.5	75	35.0	57	49.2	1 052		
50 to 99 lb	721 831	13.2 15.3	S 67	31.3	21 29	18.4 24.8	393 422		
500 to 749 lb	S 48	S .9	9 10	4.4 4.5	7 2	5.8 1.8	745 S		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	41		
10,000 to 49,999 lb		-	_ _		1 1		_		
100,000 lb or more	_	-	-	_	_	_	_		
Truck and rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 175		
Less than 50 lb		-	_ _	_ _	1 1	_	_		
100 to 499 lb		-	_		-	_	_		
750 to 999 lb	_	-	-	_	_	_	_		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S 71	S 30.5	S 60	S .7	1 70	.7	1 665 1 251		
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	321 1 127		
Truck and water	s	s	12	100.0	38	100.0	3 150		
Less than 50 lb	_	_	-	_	_	_	-		
100 to 499 lb					_				
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	s	S	S	s	S	S	3 173		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S S	S	S	S	S	S	2 928		
10,000 to 49,999 lb. 50,000 to 99,999 lb.	S	S S	S S	S S S	S S	S	3 273 3 149		
100,000 lb or more	-	-	_	-	-	-	-		

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Less than 50 lb	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
100 to 499 lb							_
500 to 749 lb			_		_	_	
750 to 999 lb	_		_		_	_	
750 to 999 til	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 lb or more	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
•							
Less than 50 lb					_ _		_ _
100 to 499 lb		_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	-	-	-		-	- -
Other and unknown modes	1 093	100.0	1 754	100.0	s	s	81
Less than 50 lb	301	27.5	Ω	.5	4		77
50 to 99 lb	65	5.9	5	.3	Ś	S	69
100 to 499 lb	162	14.9	23	1.3	3	3	37
500 to 749 lb	39	3.6	20	.5		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	29
	14	1.3	0	.5	_	_	29 S
750 to 999 lb	14	1.3	8	.5	_	_	5
1,000 to 9,999 lb	293	26.8	S	S	38	6.4	170
10,000 to 49,999 lb	199	18.2	851	48.5	172	28.7	S
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	162
100,000 lb or more	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 5. Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[1 01 04	olanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Valu	-	To		Ton-ı	miles	
SCTG code	Commodity description	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
	All commodities	42 263	100.0	96 429	100.0	37 811	100.0	497
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish Cereal grains Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations	- 491 479 1 428	- S 1.2 1.1 3.4	S 535 1 422 394	- S .6 1.5 .4	- S 34 S 234	- S - S - S - S	197 S 199 S
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	529 1 601 198 - S	1.3 3.8 .5 - S	S 1 612 227 - S	\$ 1.7 .2 - \$	\$ 245 \$ - \$	\$ 6, \$ 1 \$	203 S 23 - 37
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands. Gravel and crushed stone. Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	S S S 680 426	S S S 1.6 1.0	S S 953 21 171	\$ \$ 1.0 22.0	64 S S S 15 926	.2 S S S 42.1	S 27 157 482 S
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products	1 901 700 398 640 2 428	4.5 1.7 .9 1.5 5.7	7 185 3 183 S 1 639	7.5 3.3 S 1.7 S	766 S S 681 S	2.0 S S 1.8 S	S S S 1 154 875
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products	327 1 113 1 014 S 861	.8 2.6 2.4 S 2.0	1 487 S 309 S 1 328	1.5 S .3 S 1.4	661 1 129 122 S 132	1.7 3.0 .3 S .4	S 711 266 90 144
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	223 1 108 995 982 791	.5 2.6 2.4 2.3 1.9	124 508 191 228 7 212	.1 .5 .2 .2 7.5	18 230 71 31 417	- .6 .2 - 1.1	218 281 543 1 026 S
32 33 34 35	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes. Articles of base metal. Machinery. Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment.	2 283 2 192 1 631 5 269	5.4 5.2 3.9 12.5	2 451 1 044 158 169	2.5 1.1 .2	1 135 463 79 118	3.0 1.2 .2	211 241 S 749
36	Motorized and other vehicles (including parts)	2 939	7.0	374	.4	330	.9	247
37 38 39	Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and	2 140 1 508	5.1 3.6	S 26	S -	S 25	S -	1 212 1 078
40 41 43 	illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown	689 2 751 290 935 S	1.6 6.5 .7 2.2 S	123 428 S 359 S	.1 .4 S .4 S	63 225 S 59 S	.2 .6 .9 .2 .9	802 915 S S 837

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Valu	ie	То	ns	Ton-ı	miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
ALL COMMODITIES								
Total	42 263	100.0	96 429	100.0	37 811	100.0	497	
Single modes	35 479	83.9	85 869	89.0	27 019	71.5	193	
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck.	29 378 15 112 14 223	69.5 35.8 33.7	62 224 20 718 41 436	64.5 21.5 43.0	8 116 5 890 2 218	21.5 15.6 5.9	118 597 47	
Rail	3 313	7.8	20 431	21.2	18 720	49.5	654	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	1 808 980	4.3 2.3	35 3 179	3.3	68 S	.2 S	1 602 S	
Multiple modes	5 691	13.5	s	s	s	s	970	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	5 445 S S - -	12.9 S S - -	215 S 12 - -	.2 S - -	116 S 38 - -	.3 S .1 -	970 1 175 3 150 - -	
Other and unknown modes	1 093	2.6	1 754	1.8	s	s	81	
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH								
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Single modes	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	_	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Rail	_	_	=	_	_	-	=	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	-	_ _	_ _ _	Š	_ S	- S	
Multiple modes	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	_	_ _	_ _	_	_	
Truck and water	_ _		_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	
Other multiple modes	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	
Other and unknown modes	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS								
Total	S	S	S	S	S	S	197	
Single modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	28	
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	S - S	S - S	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	28 - 28	
Rail	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	=	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_		- S	_ S	_ S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 493	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	s	S	s	S	s	1 493	
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons	3	Ton-ı	miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS								
Total	491	100.0	535	100.0	34	100.0	s	
Single modes	481	98.1	516	96.5	30	87.4	82	
Truck¹	481 S	98.1 S	516 S	96.5 S	30 S	87.4 S	82 365	
Private truck	470	95.8	514	96.1	29	85.1	81	
Rail Water	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_	_	- S	_ S	_ S	
Multiple modes	6	1.2	s	s	s	s	823	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	2 S	.5 S	_ S	_ S	S	S S	860 260	
Truck and water Rail and water		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.								
Total	479	100.0	1 422	100.0	s	s	199	
Single modes	475	99.3	1 408	99.0	s	s	192	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	475 S S	99.3 S S	1 408 S S	99.0 S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$	192 451 S	
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Water	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _		- -		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)		-	-	-	_ S	_ S	S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	768	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	S	S	s	768	
Truck and rail		-	_	_	_	_	_	
Rail and water	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	173	
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS								
Total	1 428	100.0	394	100.0	234	100.0	s	
Single modes	1 425	99.8	393	99.8	234	100.0	s	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 425 672 753	99.8 47.1 52.8	393 235 158	99.8 59.7 40.1	234 222 12	100.0 94.9 5.1	S 942 S	
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Water Shallow draft Crost Lokes		- - -	- -	_	_ 	- - -	<u>-</u>	
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	-	-	-	_	_ _	_ _	
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	-	_	s	S	- S	
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	_ _		<u>-</u>	
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	-		_ _	-	_ =	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	S	s	18	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, st	Value	,	To		Ton-	miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS								
Total	529	100.0	s	s	s	s	203	
Single modes	516	97.7	s	s	s	s	200	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	516 S S	97.7 S S	s s s	S S S	S S S	S S S	200 953 170	
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_	_	_ _	_ _		_ _	_ _	
Great Lakes Deep draft	-	-	- -	_ _	-	- -	_ _	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	<u>-</u>	_ _	- S	_ S	- S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	799	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	S S	S	S S	846 278	
Truck and water	_ 	-	_ _	_ _	-	_ _		
Other multiple modes	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS AND OILS								
Total	1 601	100.0	1 612	100.0	245	100.0	s	
Single modes	1 500	93.7	1 605	99.5	238	97.4	s	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 494 244 1 249	93.3 15.3 78.0	1 604 86 1 517	99.5 5.4 94.1	237 75 162	96.7 30.5 66.2	S 929 S	
Rail	S	s	s	S	S	s	1 862	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S -	S -	S -	S	S	738 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 151	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S -	S	S -	S -	S -	1 151	
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	_ _		-	-	-	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	s	S	s	S	s	s	33	
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES					_	_		
Total Single modes	198 198	100.0	227 227	100.0 100.0	s s	s s	23	
Truck ¹	198	100.0	227	100.0	3 S		23	
For-hire truck Private truck	S 197	99.2	S 226	S 99.2	88	S S S	16 23	
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	
Water Shallow draft Crost letes		- -	<u>-</u> -	_ _	- -	_ _	_ _	
Great Lakes Deep draft	-	-	-	=	_ _	_	_ _	
Air (includes truck and air)	-	<u>-</u>	- -	_ _	s	s	s	
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	- -	- -	- -	-	- -	
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes.		-	- -	- -	-	- - -	_	
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
		- 1	- '	_		- 1		

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

0070 and a days 1 11 11 11 11 11 11	Value		Tons	s	Ton-mil	les	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Single modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck ¹	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
For-hire truck Private truck	=	-	-	-	-	-	_
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	_	_	_	-	-	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _	_	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
Air (includes truck and air)	-	_	_	_	_ S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	=
Truck and rail	_	-	=	_	_		_ _
Rail and water	_	-	-	_	_	-	- -
Other and unknown modes	_	_	-	-	_	-	-
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	37
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	37
Truck1	s	s	s	s	s	s	37
For-hire truck	S	S	s	S	S	s	37
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nater	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_	-	-	- -	-	- - -	<u>-</u>
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline ²	_	-	-	-	S	S	S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier		-	=	_	-	-	=
Fruck and water Rail and water		-	=	- -	-	-	_
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							
Total	S	s	s	S	64	100.0	S
Single modes	S	S	S	S	64	100.0	S
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$	SSS	64 S S	100.0 S S	S S 16
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft	_	_	-	_	-	-	_ _
Great Lakes		-	-	-	-	-	=
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	-	_	- s	- S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	-	_ _ _	-	- - -	_ _
Other multiple modes	=	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value	9	Toi	ons Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	27
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28
Truck ¹	S S	S	s s	S S S	S	S	28 21
Private truck	S	S S	S	S	S	S S	29
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_	-		_	_ _	_ _	- -
Great Lakes Deep draft	-	-	-	_	_ _	_ _	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)		-	_ _	_ _	- S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	-	-	_ _	-	-	-
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	-	- - -	-	_ _ _	-
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	=	_	=
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	15
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	157
Single modes	s	s	433	92.6	s	s	103
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	433 S S	92.6 S S	S S S	SSS	103 568 21
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water	_	_	_	_	=	_	=
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)		-	_	_ _	- S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	-	_	=	_	_
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	S	s	661
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES							
Total	680	100.0	953	100.0	s	s	482
Single modes	679	99.9	930	97.6	S	s	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	12 9 S	1.3 1.0 S	7 7 S	2.1 2.1 S	317 731 20
Rail	s	s	s	s	S	s	1 238
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft		- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_ 	_		_	- -
Pipeline ²	449 S	66.1 S	668 S	70.1 S	s s	s s	S 1 176
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 176
Truck and rail		-	-		_ _	_ _	-
Rail and water Other multiple modes	-	-	- -	_ _	-	- -	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	401

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		To	ns	Ton-i	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 15, COAL							
Total	426	100.0	21 171	100.0	15 926	100.0	s
Single modes	418	98.0	20 630	97.4	15 553	97.7	s
Truck ¹	114	26.8	5 497	26.0	S	s	74
For-hire truck Private truck	111 S	26.0 S	5 355 S	25.3 S	388 S	2.4 S	73 86
Rail	303	71.2	15 133	71.5	S	s	797
Water Shallow draft	_	-	-	_ _	_ _	_ _	-
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _	-	-	_ _		_ _	_
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	- -	_ _	- S	_ S	S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Truck and rail. Truck and water	_	_	-	- - -	-	_ _ _	-
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	_	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	394
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL							
Total	1 901	100.0	7 185	100.0	766	100.0	s
Single modes	1 892	99.5	7 151	99.5	766	100.0	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 537 307 1 229	80.8 16.2 64.7	5 740 1 122 4 618	79.9 15.6 64.3	661 S 490	86.3 S 63.9	S 259 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
Water	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	355	18.7	1 412	19.6	Š	s	S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	-	=	-	=
Truck and water Rail and water		-	-	-	_ _	_ _	_
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	7
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS							
Total	700	100.0	3 183	100.0	s	s	S
Single modes	700	100.0	3 183	100.0	S	s	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	521 135 386	74.3 19.3 55.1	2 215 717 1 498	69.6 22.5 47.1	S S 114	S S 30.2	S 485 S
Rail	s	s	s	S	S	s	3
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_		_	-	_	- -
Pipeline ²	163 S	23.3 S	757 S	23.8 S	s s	s s	50
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	S	S	s	50
Truck and rail		-	- -	- -	- -	- -	_
Rail and water	_	-	- -	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, s	Value		Ton		Ton-r	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	398	100.0	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	246	61.8	s	s	s	s	s
Truck¹	198 75 122	49.8 18.9 30.7	S S S	S S S	S S 59	S S .5	S 514 39
Rail	S	s	s	s	457	4.2	1 030
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	-	_	-	_	_ S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	805
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S - -	\$ \$ - -	S S - -	S S - - -	S S - -	S S - -	670 909 - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	18
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							
Total	640	100.0	1 639	100.0	681	100.0	1 154
Single modes	286	44.7	1 633	99.6	676	99.2	185
Truck¹	256 53 S	40.1 8.3 S	S 246 S	S 15.0 S	108 81 S	15.9 11.9 S	183 913 50
Rail	17	2.7	461	28.1	565	83.0	1 153
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S S	S S	S S	S	S S	S S	1 693 S
Multiple modes	352	55.0	4	.2	6	.8	1 605
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	352 - - - -	55.0 - - -	4 - - -	.2 - - -	6 - - -	.8 - - -	1 605 - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	6
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS							
Total	2 428	100.0	s	s	s	s	875
Single modes	1 401	57.7	s	s	s	s	562
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 324 602 S	54.5 24.8 S	SSS	S S S	SSS	SSS	124 229 S
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	1 835 S
Multiple modes	932	38.4	17	18.3	s	s	944
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	932 S - -	38.4 S - -	17 S -	17.8 S -	S S -	S S - -	944 54 - -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	_	-	-	=
Other and unknown modes	l s	s	s	s	s	s	200

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-mi	iles	ı	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS								
Total	327	100.0	1 487	100.0	661	100.0	s	
Single modes	326	99.7	1 485	99.8	659	99.8	s	
Truck1	289	88.3	1 245	83.7	392	59.3	S	
For-hire truck Private truck	192	58.8	S	S S	S S	S S	507 S	
Rail	S	s	S	S	268	40.5	1 215	
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr	_	-	-	_	-	-	- -	
Great Lakes Deep draft		-	-	_	-	-	=	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	-	_	s	- S	- S	
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	-	-	=	
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	-	_	-	=	=	
Other multiple modes	_	-	=	-	-	=	_ _	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.								
Total	1 113	100.0	s	s	1 129	100.0	711	
Single modes	866	77.8	s	s	1 041	92.2	s	
Truck ¹	863 465	77.5 41.8	S	S	1 017 990	90.1 87.7	S 755	
Private truck	385	34.6	S	S	S	S	S	
Rail Water	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 849	
Shallow draft Great Lakes		-	_ _ _	_ _ _	-	-	_ _ _	
Deep draft	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	1 582 S	
Multiple modes	208	18.7	9	.8	8	.7	1 215	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	208	18.7	9	.8	8	.7	1 215	
Truck and rail	_	-	=	_	=	=		
Rail and water Other multiple modes		-	-	-	-	-	_	
Other and unknown modes	39	3.5	s	s	s	s	s	
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER								
Total	1 014	100.0	309	100.0	122	100.0	266	
Single modes	833	82.2	290	93.8	115	94.4	98	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	829 354 475	81.8 34.9 46.8	289 123 163	93.7 39.8 52.9	114 96 18	93.6 78.6 14.7	91 671 39	
Rail	S	s	s	s	s	s	53	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes		-	_	-	-		_	
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	4	- .4	_	.1	-	-	1 956	
Pipeline ²	-	-	-	-	Ś	S	S	
Multiple modes	129	12.7	9	2.8	6	5.1	902	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	129	12.7	9 –	2.8	6 -	5.1 -	902	
Truck and water	_	-	_	-	-		- -	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Other and unknown modes	51	5.1	s	s	s	s	36	

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To explanation of terms and meaning of aboreviations and symbols, st	Valu	-	To		Ton-	miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH								
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	90	
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	25	
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	SSS	SSS	S S S	S S S	S S S	25 50 23	
Rail	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Water	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ -	
Air (includes truck and air)			-	=	- S	s	S	
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier		_ _	- -	_ _	-	_ _	- -	
Truck and water Rail and water		_ _	_ _	_ _	_	_	<u>-</u>	
Other multiple modes	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	282	
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS								
Total	861	100.0	1 328	100.0	132	100.0	144	
Single modes	845	98.1	1 320	99.4	132	99.4	107	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	845 137 708	98.1 15.9 82.2	1 320 121 1 199	99.4 9.1 90.3	132 45 87	99.4 34.1 65.3	107 399 69	
Rail	_	=	-	=	=	-	=	
Water	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	s s	3 102 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 379	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	S -	S	S	1 379	
Truck and water Rail and water	_	=	=		=	=	=	
Other multiple modes	_	=	=	=	=	=	=	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	8	.6	s	s	96	
SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD								
Total	223	100.0	124	100.0	18	100.0	218	
Single modes	212	95.3	120	97.3	17	94.7	180	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	212 92 121	95.3 41.1 54.2	120 48 73	97.3 38.5 58.8	17 14 3	94.7 78.6 16.1	180 378 55	
Rail	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	
Water	_	_	-	_	-	_	=	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	_	- -	- -	_ _	- S	- S	s	
Multiple modes	10	4.7	3	2.7	s	s	398	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	10	4.7	3 -	2.7	S -	S -	398	
Truck and water Rail and water		_	-	_ _	-		_	
Other multiple modes	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	-	l – l	-	

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	Value		Tons		Ton-m	illes	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	1 108	100.0	508	100.0	230	100.0	281
Single modes	1 069	96.5	493	97.0	210	91.2	206
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 064 886 178	96.0 79.9 16.1	492 392 S	96.9 77.3 S	208 205 3	90.7 89.3 1.5	179 362 37
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S _	S -	S -	S -	SS	S S	1 422 S
Multiple modes	36	3.2	s	s	s	s	594
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	29 - S - -	2.6 S -	S - S - -	S - S - -	2 - S - -	.8 - S - -	585 - 3 249 - -
Other and unknown modes	3	.3	s	s	s	s	83
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS							
Total	995	100.0	191	100.0	71	100.0	543
Single modes	551	55.3	102	53.3	54	76.4	666
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	523 294 229	52.5 29.5 23.0	99 63 36	51.8 33.1 18.7	48 45 S	68.5 63.9 S	414 959 S
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	28	2.8	3 _	1.5	6 S	7.9 S	1 613 S
Multiple modes	382	38.4	s	s	15	20.6	542
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	382	38.4	S -	S -	15	20.6	542
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	-	-	-	- - -	-	-	_ _
Other multiple modes Other and unknown modes	63	6.3	10	5.1	2	3.0	s
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES OR LEATHER					-	5.0	
Total	982	100.0	228	100.0	31	100.0	1 026
Single modes	615	62.6	204	89.8	21	66.4	502
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	599 179 420	61.0 18.3 42.7	204 17 187	89.6 7.3 82.2	20 11 9	63.5 35.9 27.5	149 599 31
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	-	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	16	1.6	-	.2	- 1	2.9	1 645
Pipeline ²	317	32.2	- 12	5.1	10	33.0	S
Multiple modes Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	317	32.2	12	5.1	10	33.0	1 218 1 218
Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water	- - -	32.2	12 - - -	5.1	- - - -	33.0	1 218 - -
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	- s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG cote, description, and mode of transportation Number (millions) Percent (millions)	-	
Total	Average miles per shipment	
Single modes 727 91.9 6 911 95.8 408 97.8		
Truck	S	
For-hier bruck 310 39.1 1 627 22.6 182 43.6 34.7 34.7 34.7 39.7 39.1	s	
Private track	81 285	
Water	34	
Shallow draft	393	
Deep draft	-	
Pipeline	=	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier. S S S S S S S Truck and rail	1 852 S	
Truck and valer	1 129	
Truck and water	1 129	
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES	-	
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES	_	
Total	S	
Single modes		
Truck¹ 1 140 49.9 1 651 67.4 623 54.9 For-hire truck 677 29.6 1 013 41.3 554 48.8 Private truck 464 20.3 639 26.1 70 6.1 Rail 1 058 46.4 747 30.5 447 39.4 Water -	211	
For-hire truck	129	
Rail	120 505	
Water - <td>50</td>	50	
Shallow draft	733	
Deep draft	= = -	
Pipeline2	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier S	1 718 S	
Rail and water —	1 058	
Rail and water —	1 049 2 379	
Other and unknown modes S S S S S SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL 2 192 100.0 1 044 100.0 463 100.0	3 184	
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL Total	=	
Total	S	
	044	
	241 123	
Truck ¹	93	
For-hire truck 1 048 47.8 568 54.4 341 73.6 Private truck 866 39.5 410 39.3 39 8.3	527 30	
Rail	-	
Water - - - - Shallow draft - - - -	- -	
Great Lakes - - - - - Deep draft - - - - -	<u>-</u>	
Air (includes truck and air) S S S S S Pipeline² - - - - - S S	1 735 S	
Multiple modes	718	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier 122 5.6 4 .4 2 .5 Truck and rail S S S S S	716 895	
Truck and water S S S S S Rail and water -	3 023	
Other multiple modes -	- S	

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SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 34, MACHINERY							
Total	1 631	100.0	158	100.0	79	100.0	s
Single modes	1 224	75.1	132	83.2	74	92.9	s
Truck ¹	1 119	68.6	127	80.6	s	s	S
For-hire truck Private truck	469 650	28.7 39.9	S 66	S 41.4	S	S	596 58
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	2 479
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	92	5.6	1 -	.6 _	1 S	1.2 S	1 100 S
Multiple modes	135	8.2	6	3.8	3	3.7	478
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	135	8.2	6	3.8	3	3.7	478
Truck and rail	-	-	-	=	-	_ _ _	_
Rail and waterOther multiple modes	=	-	=	_ _	-	=	_
Other and unknown modes	272	16.7	21	13.1	3	3.4	s
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT							
Total	5 269	100.0	169	100.0	118	100.0	749
Single modes	4 193	79.6	154	90.8	104	87.6	571
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S 502	S S 9.5	148 98 49	87.2 58.1 29.1	96 94 1	81.0 79.8 1.2	325 1 224 23
Rail	s	s	s	S	s	s	886
Water	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ -
Air (includes truck and air)	797 -	15.1	4 -	2.3	6 S	5.1 S	1 547 S
Multiple modes	943	17.9	13	7.6	14	11.7	1 098
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	943	17.9	13	7.6	14	11.7	1 098
Truck and rail	_	-	_	_	=	=	_
Rail and water	-	-	_	_ _	=	=	=
Other and unknown modes	133	2.5	s	s	s	s	S
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)							
Total	2 939	100.0	374	100.0	330	100.0	247
Single modes	2 648	90.1	357	95.4	316	95.8	97
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 551 2 021 530	86.8 68.8 18.0	349 248 101	93.2 66.2 27.0	301 283 18	91.3 85.9 5.5	83 739 49
Rail	S	s	s	s	s	s	2 514
Water Shallow draft	-	_	_	_	_ _	_ _	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	-	-	_	_	_ _	- -	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	s s	1 067 S
Multiple modes	263	9.0	14	3.6	s	s	462
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	263	9.0	14	3.6	s	s	462
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - - -	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, se	Value		Tons		Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.								
Total	2 140	100.0	s	s	s	s	1 212	
Single modes	1 950	91.1	s	s	s	s	1 018	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	392 316 76	18.3 14.7 3.6	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$	860 1 141 S	
Rail	1 445	67.5	s	S	S	s	1 983	
Water Shallow draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	114	5.3	- -	.2	- S	.4 S	1 437 S	
Multiple modes	176	8.2	1	.4	1	.6	1 383	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	176 - - - -	8.2 - - - -	1 - - -	.4 - - -	1 - - - -	.6 - - -	1 383 - - - -	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	670	
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS								
Total	1 508	100.0	26	100.0	25	100.0	1 078	
Single modes	1 120	74.3	20	76.7	20	80.5	1 098	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	761 571 189	50.5 37.9 12.6	19 14 4	70.8 54.2 16.6	18 17 1	71.9 69.3 2.6	451 1 188 S	
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	359	23.8	2 -	5.9 —	2 S	8.5 S	1 660 S	
Multiple modes	349	23.2	4	15.1	4	14.1	1 070	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier. Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes.	349 - - - - -	23.2 - - - -	4 - - -	15.1 - - - -	4 - - -	14.1 - - - -	1 070 - - - -	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	2	8.2	1	5.4	298	
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS								
Total	689	100.0	123	100.0	63	100.0	802	
Single modes	637	92.5	114	92.8	58	91.8	323	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	636 364 272	92.3 52.8 39.5	114 61 53	92.6 49.4 43.2	58 54 4	91.2 84.7 6.5	322 881 55	
Rail	s	s	S	S	S	s	1 894	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	SS	S S	1 906 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	2	1.8	s	s	1 816	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	S - S -	S - S -	2 - S -	1.8 - S	S - S	S - S -	1 815 - 3 211 -	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	l sl	s I	s	s	S	l s	168	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	2 751	100.0	428	100.0	225	100.0	915
Single modes	1 748	63.6	392	91.6	184	81.5	562
Truck¹ For-hire truck	1 627	59.2	386 129	90.4	169	75.2	192
Private truck	802 822	29.2 29.9	255	30.2 59.7	122 46	54.3 20.6	469 81
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_	-	-	_	_	-	_
Great Lakes	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	121	4.4	S	S	S	S	1 616 S
Multiple modes	916	33.3	30	7.1	39	17.4	1 049
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	880	32.0	17	4.0	12	5.4	1 048
Truck and rail	S -	S -	S -	S	S -	S -	1 975
Rail and water	_	-	_	_	_	-	-
Other and unknown modes	86	3.1	6	1.3	2	1.1	288
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	290	100.0	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	262	90.6	s	s	s	s	s
Truck¹	115 81	39.7 28.0	S	S S S	S	S S	S S
Private truck	34	11.7	S		10	.6	58
Rail	148	50.9	S	S	S	S	S
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	_	-	-	_ _ _	_	-	_ _ _
Deep draft	-	-	-	=	=	-	-
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	_	-	-	_	S	s	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 296
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	S S	S	S S	1 953 1 207
Truck and rail Truck and water	-	-	-	- -	S -	-	1 207
Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	-	-	=	=	-	=
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							
Total	935	100.0	359	100.0	59	100.0	s
Single modes	908	97.1	355	99.0	58	98.5	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	908 S 800	97.1 S 85.6	355 S 333	99.0 S 92.9	58 S 47	98.5 S 80.2	S S S
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Water	-	_	-	_	_	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Doop draft	_	- - -	-	- - -	-	- - -	- -
Deep draft	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
Pipeline ²	-	-	-	-	s	s	S
Multiple modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	275
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	275 -
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	-	_	_	-	_ _
Other multiple modes	- [-	-	-	-	-	_

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
COMMODITY UNKNOWN							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	837
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	849
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	849 1 644 25
Rail	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	=	_ _	_ _		- S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	878
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S	S - - - -	S - - -	S	S - - -	\$ - -	878 - - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	2

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

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^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck.
2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "About the Data" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 7. Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i or expandition of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see that		lue		ons	Ton-miles		
State of destination	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Total	42 263	100.0	96 429	100.0	37 811	100.0	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	81 32 453 17 S 21	.2 - 1.1 - S -	\$ 8 9 10 8 8 8 8 8	80 888	\$ 8 23 8 8 8 8 8	99 - 999	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	249 314 459	.6 .7 1.1	35 38 64	- - -	77 81 124	.2 .2 .3	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	S 395 578 488 152	\$.9 1.4 1.2 .4	S 220 111 120 49	S .2 .1 .1	S 354 186 207 75	S .9 .5 .2	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	77 178 152 244 108 32 16	.2 .4 .4 .6 .3 .3	29 S 57 132 26 11 S	- S -1 - - S	35 S 82 165 25 11 S	S .2 .4 S	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	S S 1 776 599 S S S 341 289 44	S 4.2 1.4 S S 8 .7 .1	S - 74 138 55 48 70 S S	S - - -1 - - - - S S	S 1 184 283 120 104 159 S S	S - .5.7 .3 .3 .4 .4 S S	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama	78 291 S 383	.2 .7 S .9	\$ 98 \$ \$	\$.1 \$ \$	\$ 161 \$ \$	S .4 S S	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	59 65 194 1 111	.1 .2 .5 2.6	48 25 S 298	- - S .3	72 43 S 442	.2 .1 S 1.2	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona . Colorado . Idaho . Montana . Nevada . New Mexico . Utah . Wyoming .	909 1 229 1 552 462 1 006 367 18 017 508	2.1 2.9 3.7 1.1 2.4 .9 42.6 1.2	660 569 1 213 201 3 426 S 67 350 401	.7 .6 1.3 .2 3.6 S 69.8	386 291 314 111 1 339 S 3 464 88	1.0 .8 .3 .3.5 .5 .9.2 .2	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska. California Hawaii Oregon Washington	39 5 285 69 472 1 038	12.5 .2 1.1 2.5	S 9 644 13 351 933	\$ 10.0 - .4 1.0	\$ 672 43 299 833	S 22.9 .1 .8 2.2	

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Table 8. Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

r or expandition of terms and meaning of approvations and symbols, see the	Va	•	0.	ons	Ton-miles		
State of origin	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Total	51 433	100.0	87 709	100.0	25 191	100.0	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	143 36 260 S 56 17	.3 - .5 S .1	S 17 22 24 S 1	S - - - S -	S 39 52 58 S 3	\$.2 .2 .2 .2 .5	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	922 508 1 090	1.8 1.0 2.1	77 49 198	- - .2	174 103 395	.7 .4 1.6	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	1 010 497 1 307 1 588 946	2.0 1.0 2.5 3.1 1.8	332 89 222 317 730	.4 .1 .3 .4 .8	480 138 367 545 1 074	1.9 .5 1.5 2.2 4.3	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	459 577 853 1 361 302 S 385	.9 1.1 1.7 2.6 S .7	176 142 4 400 388 S S S	.2 .2 5.0 .4 .5 .5	209 164 7 262 478 S S S	.8 .7 28.8 1.9 S S	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	\$ 281 590 73 375 227 319	S .5 1.1 .7 .4 .6	S 19 113 3 83 31 48 S	\$ \$	S 46 216 S 186 64 100 S	S 2.2 9.9 7.7 3.4 5	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama . Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	140 507 261 416	.3 1.0 .5 .8	92 104 80 117	.1 .1 .1	181 176 134 204	.7 .7 .5 .8	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	303 102 322 2 025	.6 .2 .6 3.9	186 128 S 805	.2 .1 S .9	288 217 S 1 195	1.1 .9 S 4.7	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	1 166 1 747 1 180 216 2 501 97 18 017 318	2.3 3.4 2.3 .4 4.9 .2 35.0 .6	496 1 556 1 487 303 440 96 67 350 1 766	.6 1.8 1.7 .3 .5 .1 76.8 2.0	420 695 426 220 187 43 3 464 510	1.7 2.8 1.7 .9 .7 .2 13.8 2.0	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington	\$ 5 603 6 720 996	\$ 10.9 - 1.4 1.9	\$ 2 203 2 495 1 024	\$ 2.5 - .6 1.2	\$ 1 543 7 416 929	S 6.1 - 1.7 3.7	

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Appendix A. Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey

The Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) restores a data program on commodity flows that the Census Bureau conducted as a part of its 5-year economic census program from 1963 through 1977. The CFS was first conducted in

1993. For the 1997 CFS, the Census Bureau incorporated improvements identified from the evaluation of previous surveys and additional research. The following table shows a comparison of the 1993 and 1997 surveys.

Item	1993	1997
1. Industry coverage	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)
	Mining (except mining services and oil and gas extraction)	Mining (except mining services)
	All wholesale	All wholesale
	Video tape distributers	
	Catalog mail-order houses	Catalog mail-order houses
	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)
Commodity classification system	Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC), developed by the American Association of Railroads (AAR).	Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG).
3. Sample size	Approximately 200,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1992 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).	Approximately 100,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).
4. Survey methodology	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 2-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1993.	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 1-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1997.
	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.
5. Reported mode of transportation	Rail	Rail
·	For-hire truck	For-hire truck
	Private truck	Private truck
	Air	Air
	Inland water and/or Great Lakes	Shallow draft vessel
	Deep sea water	Deep draft vessel
	Pipeline	Pipeline
	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier
	Other	Other
	Unknown	Unknown

Item	1993	1997
6. Data items requested on questionnaire	For each shipment:	For each shipment:
quodanama	Total value	Total value
	Total weight	Total weight
	Major commodity (STCC)	Major commodity (SCTG)
	All modes of transportation	All modes of transportation
	Multiple origins (respondents specifically requested to report all shipment origins for the sampled establishment and report the appropriate origin for each shipment; assumed to always be the mailing address if no other origins listed).	Single origin (assumed to be the mailing address unless the respondent provided a different physical location address).
	Destination	Destination
	Containerized (Y/N)	Containerized (Y/N)
	Hazardous material (Y/N)	Hazardous material (UN/NA codes)
	Export (Y/N)	Export (Y/N)
	If export, mode of export, foreign country, and city of destination.	If export, mode of export, foreign country, and city of destination.

Appendix B. Reliability of the Estimates

An estimate based on a sample survey potentially contains two types of errors—sampling and nonsampling. Sampling error occurs because characteristics differ among sampling units and because only a subset of the entire population is measured in a sample survey. Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. The accuracy of a survey result may be affected by these two types of errors.

Sampling and nonsampling errors are often measured by the quantities, bias and variance. The bias of an estimator of an unknown population value is the difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between the estimator and the unknown population value. Any systematic error, or inaccuracy that affects all samples of a specified design in a similar way, may bias the resulting estimates. Variance is the squared difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between an estimator and its average value. Descriptions of sampling and nonsampling errors for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) are provided in the following sections.

SAMPLING ERROR

Because the estimates are based on a sample, exact agreement with the results that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of all the shipments made in 1997 from all establishments included on the CFS sampling frame is not expected. However, because probability sampling was used at each stage of selection, it is possible to estimate the sampling variability of the survey estimates. For CFS estimates, sampling variability arises from each of the three stages of sampling. (See Appendix C for a description of the sample design.)

The particular sample used in this survey is one of a large number of samples of the same size and design that could have been selected. If all possible samples had been surveyed, under the same conditions, an estimate of an unknown population value could have been obtained from each sample. The estimates obtained from these samples give rise to a distribution of estimates for the unknown population value. A statistical measure of the variability among these estimates is the standard error, which can be approximated from any one sample. The coefficient of variation (or relative standard error) of an estimate is the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate. Measures of sampling variability, such as the standard error or coefficient of variation, are estimated from the

sample and are also subject to sampling variability. (Technically, we should refer to the estimated standard error or the estimated coefficient of variation of an estimator. However, we have omitted this detail for the sake of brevity.) It is important to note that the standard error and coefficient of variation only measure sampling variability. They do not measure any biases in the estimates. All coefficients of variation are expressed as percents. Standard errors for the corresponding percentage estimates are also provided.

An estimate of an unknown population value and its approximate standard error can be used to construct a confidence interval. A confidence interval is a range about a given estimator that has a specified probability, or confidence, of containing the unknown population value. If, for each possible sample, an estimate of an unknown population value and the estimate's approximate standard error were obtained, then:

- 1. For approximately 90 percent of the possible samples, the interval from 1.65 standard errors below to 1.65 standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.
- 2. For approximately 95 percent of the possible samples, the interval from two standard errors below to two standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.

NONSAMPLING ERROR

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate and may also occur in censuses. It is often helpful to think of nonsampling error as arising from deficiencies or mistakes in the survey process. In the CFS, nonsampling error can be attributed to many sources: (1) nonresponse, (2) response errors, (3) differences in the interpretation of the questions, (4) mistakes in coding or keying the data obtained, and (5) other errors of collection, response, coverage, and processing. Although no direct measurement of the potential biases because of nonsampling error has been obtained, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize its influence.

A potentially large source of bias in the estimates is due to nonresponse. Nonresponse is defined as the inability to obtain all the intended measurements or responses from all the selected establishments. Four levels of nonresponse can occur in the CFS: item, shipment, quarter (reporting week), and establishment. Item nonresponse

occurs either when a question is unanswered or the response to the question fails computer or analyst edits. Item nonresponse is corrected by imputation. (Imputation is the procedure by which a missing value is replaced by a predicted value obtained from an appropriate model.) Shipment, quarter, and establishment nonresponse are used to describe the inability to obtain sufficient information about a sampled shipment, quarter, or establishment, respectively, that prevents it from contributing to tabulations. Shipment and quarter nonresponse are corrected during the estimation procedure by reweighting. Reweighting allocates characteristics to the nonrespondents in proportion to the characteristics observed for the respondents. The amount of bias introduced by this nonresponse adjustment procedure depends on the extent to which the nonrespondents differ, characteristically, from the respondents. Establishment nonresponse is corrected during the estimation procedure by the SIC-level adjustment weight. (See Appendix C for a description of the estimation procedure.) In most cases of establishment nonresponse, none of the four questionnaires have been

returned to the Census Bureau, after several attempts to elicit a response. Approximately 67 percent of the sampled establishments provided at least one quarter of data that contributed to tabulations.

Some possible sources of bias that are attributed to respondent-conducted sampling include misunderstanding the definition of a shipment, constructing an incomplete frame of shipments from which to sample, ordering the shipment sampling frame by selected shipment characteristics, and selecting shipment records by a method other than the one specified in the questionnaire's instructions. We often contacted respondents who reported shipments having atypically large value or weight when compared to the rest of their reported shipments. Upon contact, if we are able to collect information on all of a given respondent's large shipments made either for a particular reporting week or for the entire quarter, then we identify these large shipments as certainty shipments. (See Appendix C for a description of how certainty shipments are used in the estimation process.)

Table B-1a. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ıe	To	ons	Ton-		
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	8.1	_	17.5	-	29.4	_	9.4
Single modes	8.8	1.3	19.1	6.0	26.1	10.2	14.7
Truck	10.9 18.4 7.2	2.3 3.0 2.1	25.0 18.3 32.2	7.4 3.7 6.8	14.9 17.7 20.4	8.8 7.0 2.4	21.5 10.5 11.9
Rail	15.8	1.7	31.1	6.4	36.5	9.3	23.5
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	9.6 27.8	.4 .5	21.2 30.1	1.3	21.5 S	.1 S	1.8 S
Multiple modes	9.5	1.2	s	s	s	s	8.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes.	10.0 S S - -	1.3 S S - -	35.0 S 47.9 –	- S - -	15.7 S 48.4 –	.1 S - -	8.2 20.7 18.6 —
Other and unknown modes	15.3	.3	31.8	.6	s	s	14.2

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-1b. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Value			Tons			Ton-miles		Average	miles per	shipment
Mode of transportation	Coefficient o	f variation of ober	Standard error of		of variation of Imber	Standard error of	Coefficient o		Standard error of	Coefficient of variation		Standard error of
	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change
All modes	8.1	8.5	14.0	17.5	21.7	17.1	29.4	42.4	57.4	9.4	7.0	12.3
Single modes	8.8	7.9	13.9	19.1	22.0	27.7	26.1	47.5	49.5	14.7	6.7	13.9
TruckFor-hire truckPrivate truck	10.9 18.4 7.2	8.2 15.2 6.7	16.0 24.8 13.7	25.0 18.3 32.2	10.1 7.9 13.0	39.7 27.0 54.7	14.9 17.7 20.4	5.7 6.1 7.8	20.9 23.5 33.5	21.5 10.5 11.9	10.4 6.7 12.0	18.6 13.6 13.4
Rail	15.8	27.4	38.0	31.1	40.3	22.9	36.5	S	S	23.5	8.4	14.7
Water	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	9.6 27.8	18.5 31.0	25.0 50.8	21.2 30.1	30.7 27.6	105.6 48.4	21.5 S	32.9 S	117.1 S	1.8 S	2.3 S	2.7 S
Multiple modes	9.5	17.0	23.5	s	s	s	s	36.3	s	8.1	6.5	11.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier . Truck and rail	10.0 S S - -	4.6 S 31.2 - -	15.9 S S - -	35.0 S 47.9 - -	6.2 S 48.4 - -	65.8 S 91.7 –	15.7 S 48.4 - -	6.1 41.5 49.1 –	20.6 S 94.0 –	8.2 20.7 18.6 –	6.5 12.5 20.1 –	11.9 27.5 26.2 –
Other and unknown modes	15.3	14.2	34.6	31.8	40.1	1.4	s	s	s	14.2	40.7	15.6

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Table B-1c. Standard Error of Percentage for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of Total for 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Made of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	3 1997 2 10.2 9 8.8 9 7.0 3 2.4 9 9.3	es (percent)	
Mode of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	-	_	_	_	-	_	
Single modes	1.3	.9	6.0	11.2	10.2	5.6	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	2.3 3.0 2.1	1.6 3.2 2.9	7.4 3.7 6.8	10.9 3.9 7.3	7.0	8.8 7.1 1.9	
Rail	1.7	1.7	6.4	5.9	9.3	S	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	.4 .5	.8 .6	1.3	1.4	.1 S	Š	
Multiple modes	1.2	1.0	s	s	s	.7	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	1.3 S S -	.8 S - -	S	 S - - -	.1 S - -	.1 .7 - -	
Other and unknown modes	.3	.3	.6	11.2	s	s	

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-2. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for the State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Ton-r	miles		
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
Total	29.4	-	9.5	
Truck	18.2 35.2 -	8.3 8.9	20.6 22.8 -	
Great Lakes Deep draft	48.4	_ _	18.8	
Air Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Pipeline Other and unknown modes	21.5 15.7 S S	.1 .1 S S	1.9 8.2 S 14.2	

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Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols	Val	IIA	То	ns	Ton-r	niles
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
All modes	8.1	_	17.5	_	29.4	_
Less than 50 miles	6.0 11.0 7.2	2.3 .2 .5	28.8 27.2 8.9 26.7	7.3 2.8 .6 2.1	33.5 35.9 9.3 23.3	1.9 .9 .9
250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles 750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles	10.3 9.9 17.4 20.6	.4 .9 .4 1.3	23.6 41.4 S	1.0 .5 S	23.3 24.3 42.1 S	4.4 4.7 1.3
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	18.6 24.3	1.3	S 25.0	S -	S 24.1	1.3 S S .4
Single modes	8.8		19.1		26.1	
Less than 50 miles	6.4 9.0 9.7 12.7 11.2	2.5 .2 .6 .4 1.1	29.2 24.4 8.7 29.3 24.0	6.5 2.4 .6 2.1 .7	34.1 30.3 9.1 26.5 25.7	1.8 1.0 .9 4.1 4.5
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	17.2 23.7 21.7 45.5	.3 1.5 1.7 .4	43.2 S S 24.8	.5 S S	43.8 S S 24.8	1.2 S S .3
Truck	10.9	-	25.0	-	14.9	-
Less than 50 miles	7.6 11.8 9.6 14.5 13.3	3.1 .4 .8 .5 1.3	32.4 30.4 9.7 17.8 14.8	4.8 2.6 .8 .8 1.1	34.8 31.4 10.0 17.2 14.6	4.7 1.9 1.0 1.7 2.8
750 to 999 miles	21.8 30.2 42.6 S	.4 1.8 1.7 S	\$ 26.7 21.0 28.3	S .5 .3 -	S 26.6 21.0 28.5	\$ 2.3 1.3 .4
For-hire truck	18.4	-	18.3	-	17.7	-
Less than 50 miles	9.3 19.6 15.4 15.7 13.3	1.9 .5 1.0 1.2 1.7	27.7 47.5 19.4 16.7 16.2	7.0 4.6 1.5 1.7 3.3	25.9 47.8 17.4 16.2 16.0	3.7 2.6 .9 1.5 3.6
750 to 999 miles. 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more.	19.3 31.3 43.5 S	.6 2.9 2.3 S	\$ 27.0 23.1 28.6	\$ 1.3 .6 .1	S 27.1 23.2 28.7	\$ 2.5 1.8 .5
Private truck	7.2	-	32.2	-	20.4	-
Less than 50 miles	7.8 9.3 8.5 15.5 26.9	1.9 .5 .7 .6 1.4	35.2 33.9 9.8 23.2 34.2	3.7 1.2 1.3 .8 .9	47.1 31.4 12.2 21.5 34.0	5.3 1.7 3.1 3.0 4.2
750 to 999 miles. 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	42.2 43.1 37.0 45.1	.2 .3 .1	\$ 29.4 \$ \$	\$ - \$ \$	\$ 29.1 \$ \$	\$ 1.5 \$ \$
Rail	15.8	-	31.1	-	36.5	-
Less than 50 miles	\$ 47.3 47.6 33.7 38.6	S 1.8 - 1.6 2.8	46.5 S 48.8 39.5 40.8	10.0 S 1.6 7.6 6.8	33.5 S 49.6 32.6 39.8	- S .5 7.3 7.4
750 to 999 miles	48.7 30.9 20.3	.2 3.7 7.0	47.6 S S -	1.1 S S	47.0 S S -	1.5 S S
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 miles	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -
Shallow draft	_	-	-	-	_	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
500 to 749 miles 750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbol	Ī		_		_	
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Ton-I Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
Single modes—Con.						
Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than 50 miles						
50 to 99 miles		_		-		
100 to 249 miles	_	_ _	_		_	_
500 to 749 miles	_	=	_	_	_	=
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,000 to 1,499 miles	-	=	_		-	=
1,500 to 1,999 miles	_	=	_	_	_	=
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 miles	=	-	=	=	_	=
100 to 249 miles	_		_ _		_	_
500 to 749 miles	-	-	_	-	-	-
750 to 999 miles	-	-	-	-	_	_
1,000 to 1,499 miles	_	_	_ _		_	_
2,000 miles or more	-	=	=	=	-	=
Air (includes truck and air)	9.6	-	21.2	-	21.5	-
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 miles	\$ 42.2	S .2	44.6 S	- S	48.2 S	_
250 to 499 miles	34.4	1.3	33.4	1.1	32.8	S .5
500 to 749 miles	11.1	4.9	32.4	4.7	33.2	3.1
750 to 999 miles	27.8 19.2	1.5 2.1	40.7 37.7	2.2 7.9	37.5 37.7	1.5 8.7
1,500 to 1,999 miles	20.7	4.9	32.5	3.9	32.8	4.4
2,000 miles or more	16.0	.6	44.4	9.1	45.7	10.3
Pipeline	27.8	-	30.1	-	s	S
Less than 50 miles	26.6	1.3	29.8	2.1	S	S
50 to 99 miles	_	_ _	=	- 1	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$
250 to 499 miles	S	S	S	SS	S	Š
500 to 749 miles	S	S	S	5		
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_ _	-	S S	S S
1,500 to 1,999 miles	-	-	-	-	S	\$ \$ \$ \$
2,000 miles or more	_	_	_	-	S	
Multiple modes	9.5	-	S	S	S	s
Less than 50 miles	15.0 31.0	1.5 1.0	S	S S	42.6 S	.2 S S S
100 to 249 miles	14.8	.9	43.5	3.0	S	Š
250 to 499 miles	11.0 18.1	1.2 3.0	S	S	S S	S
750 to 999 miles	18.8	.8	26.3	1.2	26.4	1.6
1,000 to 1,499 miles	24.0	2.1	S	S	S	S
1,500 to 1,999 miles	7.5 24.1	1.7 1.5	20.6 40.8	5.1 6.2	22.5 37.7	8.9 11.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier						
,	10.0	_	35.0	-	15.7	_
Less than 50 miles	15.0 18.2	1.4	S 35.6	S 7	43.8 37.8	.2
100 to 249 miles	14.8	1.0	24.1	2.2	25.6	.7
250 to 499 miles	11.2 19.2	1.2 3.0	17.1 22.0	3.3 2.9	16.8 20.8	1.7 1.8
750 to 999 miles	18.8	.8	26.5	.8	26.6	1.0
1,000 to 1,499 miles	25.3	1.9	28.4	1.8	28.5	2.4
1,500 to 1,999 miles	7.9 26.5	1.5 1.5	16.0 11.0	1.4 .5	16.0 11.7	2.2 1.2
Truck and rail	S	S	S	S	S	S
Less than 50 miles	S	S S	S	S	S	S
50 to 99 miles	S S S	S	S	SS	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$
250 to 499 miles	S	S S	S	S	S	S
750 to 999 miles	S	S S	S	S	S S	S
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	8	SS	88	88	S	\$ \$ \$ \$
				5		5
Truck and water	S	S	47.9	-	48.4	-
Less than 50 miles	-	-	-	_	_	-
50 to 99 miles				-	_	=
250 to 499 miles	_	_	_		_	_
	_	_			_	_
750 to 999 miles		_ _	_ _	-		-
1,500 to 1,999 miles	S	S	S 48.0	S 10.4	S 40.1	S 10.4
2,000 miles or more	ı Sı	S	48.9	10.4	49.1	10.4

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Made of house solution and distance ships of	Value		То	ns	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	
Other multiple modes	-	-	_	-	_	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Other and unknown modes	15.3	-	31.8	-	s	s	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	14.2 41.4 S S 17.6	4.4 .5 S S 2.6	40.4 38.9 44.7 S S	11.4 .6 1.6 S S	\$ 45.1 44.3 \$ \$	\$.3 2.9 \$ \$	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	\$ 33.5 31.1 48.8	\$ 2.3 1.6 -	S S 33.2 S	S S 1.6 S	S S 32.4 S	S S 9.7 S	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Vali	110	To	ons	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	8.1	-	17.5	-	29.4	_	9.4
Less than 50 lb	6.9 9.2 8.2 21.3 26.0	1.2 .3 .6 .4 .3	15.5 22.4 6.4 11.8 15.6	- - .1 -	11.4 19.6 10.3 19.5 12.2	- - .2 - -	8.7 25.4 12.9 21.1 21.7
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	17.8 10.4 10.6 8.8	1.8 1.6 .9 1.5	11.6 16.0 28.7 24.8	.7 4.3 5.2 6.7	13.6 18.6 16.5 35.8	.9 6.4 2.9 9.5	17.7 25.6 30.8 32.4
Single modes Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	8.8 8.7 11.5 9.5 23.9 27.5	.7 .3 .7 .4	19.1 20.8 16.0 7.8 12.9 16.9	- - .1 -	9.8 15.2 10.9 22.8 13.2	- - .2 .1	25.3 22.2 17.1 19.8 27.5
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	18.2 10.7 10.6 8.8	2.0 1.9 1.0 2.0	12.2 16.3 28.8 24.8	.6 4.2 4.9 5.8	14.3 18.7 16.5 35.5	1.0 6.8 2.8 9.7	18.1 25.3 31.0 31.2
Truck	10.9	-	25.0	-	14.9	-	21.5
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 50 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	10.3 14.0 8.8 25.9 29.1	.8 .3 .7 .4 .4	21.6 16.3 7.8 12.9 17.1	- .2 .1	19.2 11.4 9.9 23.8 15.1	- .2 .2 .1	S 18.0 15.6 20.7 29.8
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	18.6 10.8 10.5 17.2	1.9 1.9 1.4 .3	12.3 16.4 28.9 S	.8 4.8 4.8 S	14.0 18.7 16.9 40.9	.8 4.3 4.0 2.2	18.2 25.4 31.4 S
For-hire truck	18.4	-	18.3	-	17.7	-	10.5
Less than 50 lb	25.9 27.6 9.3 46.0 S	1.7 .3 1.0 .6 S	17.6 11.1 11.7 15.2 14.8	- - .1 - -	35.4 18.1 10.8 33.8 18.5	- .2 .2 .1	19.1 14.2 7.8 14.8 14.5
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	32.1 15.4 16.8 38.5	2.6 2.6 1.5 .9	12.3 13.3 26.3 39.1	1.2 7.4 9.0 1.2	18.0 21.0 26.2 25.5	.9 4.4 4.9 1.5	9.0 12.5 29.2 S
Private truck	7.2	-	32.2	-	20.4	-	11.9
Less than 50 lb	11.8 13.9 9.9 12.2 21.3	.7 .6 1.1 .5 .6	24.3 17.3 9.7 14.5 21.7	- .3 .2 .1	15.8 12.1 19.1 26.9 14.3	- .4 .2 -	15.3 19.1 18.8 20.5 19.3
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	16.7 7.9 13.3 24.4	2.3 1.6 1.8 .4	16.5 20.6 37.7 S	1.3 5.1 4.3 S	13.2 21.4 21.7 S	1.3 5.9 4.8 S	17.3 40.7 40.8 S
Rail	15.8	-	31.1	-	36.5	-	23.5
Less than 50 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb		_ _ _	-	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S 42.2 S 16.3	S .5 S .8	\$ 41.1 45.4 31.4	S .2 .9	S 45.7 49.5 36.8	S 2.3 1.1 2.9	29.6 23.4 33.1 24.2
Water	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb	- - - - -	- - - -		- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Shallow draft	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Less than 50 lb	_ _ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - -
750 to 999 lb 1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ns	Ton-	miles	T	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
Single modes—Con.								
Great Lakes	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	
Less than 50 lb	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	
50 to 99 lb	_		_	_	_	_		
500 to 749 lb	_	_			_	_		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	
100,000 lb or more	Ξ	=	_	_	=	=	_	
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Less than 50 lb	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
50 to 99 lb	_		-		_	_		
500 to 749 lb	_		_	_	_	_		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	-	-	_	-	<u> </u>	-	_	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Air (includes truck and air)	9.6	_	21.2	_	21.5	_	1.8	
Less than 50 lb	9.8	5.4	20.3	5.8	21.0	5.6	1.8	
50 to 99 lb	23.0 22.3	1.8 4.4	44.4 30.9	1.1 3.3	48.7 37.7	1.1 2.8	7.4 6.9	
500 to 749 lb	27.1 S	1.1 S	32.9 49.3	1.4 2.0	30.5 44.7	1.5 2.6	10.9 21.5	
	22.7	2.2	33.1	5.2	32.3	6.1	11.0	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S	S	46.2	8.7	S	S	20.3	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6	
Pipeline	27.8	_	30.1	_	s	s	s	
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	s	S	s	
50 to 99 lb	_		-		S	S	S	
500 to 749 lb	_	_	_	_	88888	S	S S S S S	
750 to 999 lb	_	_						
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	S	S	S S	S	S	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S 27.7	S .2	S 29.9	S .6	S S	S S S S	S S S S S	
Multiple modes	9.5	_	s	s	s	s	8.1	
Less than 50 lb	9.3	2.7	22.2	9.1	12.7	8.6	6.2	
50 to 99 lb	16.1 14.7	1.6 1.5	S 37.2	S 7.2	24.3 20.9	3.9 5.5	35.5 18.7	
500 to 749 lb	S	S .2	27.8	1.2	49.5	1.1	17.9	
750 to 999 lb	30.4	.2	37.8	1.6	32.7	.6	S	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	43.4 36.0	.7	43.5 38.4	.3 8.8	S 38.3	S 13.3	24.9 21.5	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S S	S S	S S	S	S S	S	S 32.5	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	10.0	_	35.0	_	15.7	_	8.2	
Less than 50 lb	9.3	2.5	22.2	3.9	12.7	4.7	6.2	
50 to 99 lb	16.1 14.7	1.6 1.5	S 37.2	S 2.5	24.3 20.9	2.2 2.8	35.5 18.7	
500 to 749 lb	S	S	27.8	1.7	49.5	1.6	17.9	
750 to 999 lb	30.8	.3	38.0	1.5	35.8	.8	S	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_		_		_			
Truck and rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	20.7	
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
50 to 99 lb	_		-		_	_	_	
500 to 749 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
750 to 999 lb	_					_	_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S 39.2	S 13.3	S 40.2	S 18.7	48.0 42.3	10.5 19.7	26.1 22.8	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	37.4 32.5	
Truck and water	s	s	47.9	_	48.4		18.6	
			77.3	_	70.4	_	10.0	
Less than 50 lb] =	_	-	_	_	-	_	
100 to 499 lb	_		-	_ _	_ _	_	_	
750 to 999 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S S	S S	S	\$ \$ \$	S	S S	28.1 25.8	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	Š	S	S S	S	S S	S	31.6	
100,000 lb or more	-	ı –	_	-	ı –	-	i –	

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ue	То	ons	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Less than 50 lb	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100 to 499 ib	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb	_				_	_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 lb or more	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loca than EO lb							
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
4 000 to 0 000 lb							
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 lb or more	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	15.3	_	31.8	_	s	s	14.2
Less than 50 lb	22.6	3.8	19.0	.4	18.6	.2	17.9
50 to 99 lb	24.5	1.4	25.0	.5	S	S	28.3
100 to 499 lb	25.9	2.7	22.5	1.1	34.7	.1	43.9
500 to 749 lb	34.0	2.2	22.9	.7	28.7	.1	42.6
750 to 999 lb	34.9	.5	32.8	.4	39.8	.1	S
						1	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	30.9	3.9	S	S	24.8	11.4	44.4
10,000 to 49,999 lb	34.1	5.7	40.5	10.6	42.3	14.7	S
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.7
100,000 lb or more	S	S	S	S	S	S	S

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-5. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Value		To	ns	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code	Commodity description	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
	All commodities	8.1	-	17.5	-	29.4	-	9.4
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish Cereal grains Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations	- S 43.8 48.8 30.7	- S .6 .7	- S 46.8 44.8 30.1	- S .3 1.0 .1	- S 37.3 S 36.9	- S .1 S .2	41.1 S 33.1 S
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	48.9 18.2 45.1 – S	.4 .5 .2 - S	\$ 32.3 48.8 - \$	\$.3 .1 - \$	\$ 22.5 \$ - \$	\$.3 \$ - \$	23.2 S 19.6 - 31.6
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands	S S S 28.4 32.0	S S S .5	S S S 28.4 34.6	\$ \$.5 7.2	44.0 S S S 45.6	.2 S S S 11.3	\$ 9.5 30.3 27.2 \$
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products	9.4 14.1 41.8 19.1 27.5	.5 .2 .2 .3 1.4	8.3 12.0 S 44.8 S	1.7 .8 S 1.1 S	27.9 S S 41.7 S	.8 S S 3.6 S	\$ \$ \$ 21.1 19.7
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products	42.2 23.9 12.4 S 21.0	.3 .7 .4 S .6	40.0 S 14.9 S 36.5	.7 S - S 1.1	42.2 49.7 20.7 S 21.9	1.3 4.4 .1 S .4	\$ 21.1 21.9 35.5 35.1
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	21.6 18.2 14.3 13.4 15.4	- .6 .3 .3	22.0 18.5 32.9 38.4 20.7	- .1 - .1 2.3	33.8 28.0 23.7 14.3 15.6	- .4 .1 - 1.0	18.3 28.9 33.7 9.3 S
32 33 34 35	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes. Articles of base metal. Machinery. Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment.	13.0 12.5 17.6	1.1 .6 .7	10.4 12.2 23.0 20.5	.5 .2 -	15.6 8.1 46.3 37.1	1.2 .9 -	29.5 23.5 S
36	Motorized and other vehicles (including parts)	31.7	1.9	31.1	.1	35.6	.5	21.2
37 38 39	Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and	14.6 11.8	.8 .3	S 24.7	S -	S 23.7	S -	7.5 10.1
40 41 43 	illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown	15.5 10.9 27.7 27.4 S	.3 1.0 .2 .6 S	17.4 23.7 S 31.8 S	.2 S .2 S	14.6 18.6 S 30.6	.7 S .1 S	18.8 12.7 S S 28.1

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-								
	Val	ue	Тс	ons	Ton-	miles	A	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
ALL COMMODITIES								
Total	8.1	_	17.5	_	29.4	_	9.4	
Single modes	8.8	1.3	19.1	6.0	26.1	10.2	14.7	
Truck	10.9	2.3	25.0	7.4	14.9	8.8	21.5	
For-hire truck Private truck	18.4 7.2	3.0 2.1	18.3 32.2	3.7 6.8	17.7 20.4	7.0 2.4	10.5 11.9	
Rail	15.8	1.7	31.1	6.4	36.5	9.3	23.5	
Water		_	_	_	_	_	_	
Great Lakes Deep draft	_					_		
Air (includes truck and air)	9.6 27.8	.4 .5	21.2 30.1	1.3	21.5 S	.1 S	1.8 S	
Multiple modes	9.5	1.2	s	s	s	s	8.1	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	10.0	1.3	35.0	_	15.7	.1	8.2	
Truck and rail	S S	S S	S 47.9	S -	S 48.4	S -	20.7 18.6	
Rail and water	_	-	47.5	-	-	_	-	
Other multiple modes	15.3	.3	31.8	.6	s	s	14.2	
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH			0.10					
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Single modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Truck	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
For-hire truck Private truck	_					_		
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Water Shallow draft	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Great Lakes Deep draft							_ _	
Air (includes truck and air)					- S	- S	- S	
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Truck and rail	_	_	_		_	_		
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_	_		_	_		
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS								
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	41.1	
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.3	
Truck	s	s	s	S	s	S	28.3	
For-hire truck Private truck	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.3	
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Water Shallow draft	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Snanow drait Great Lakes Deep draft	=	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		=		
Air (includes truck and air)		_ _	_ _	_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.4	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	S	s	s	S	30.4	
Truck and rail. Truck and water	=	-					-	
Rail and water] =	_	_	_	_	_] =	
Other multiple modes		_	-	-	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	l s	S	S	S	s	S	S	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

ror expianation or terms and meaning or abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	Tons		Ton-		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS							
Total	43.8	_	46.8	_	37.3	_	s
Single modes	44.6	9.1	48.8	8.5	36.5	9.6	36.9
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	44.6 S 46.1	9.1 S 13.2	48.8 S 49.1	8.5 S 11.5	36.5 S 37.6	S	36.9 39.2 20.4
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ 		_ _		_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	49.9	7.6	s	s	s	s	25.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	40.0 S -	3.2 S -	41.7 S -	.3 S -	S S	S S -	25.1 30.6 —
Rail and water Other multiple modes		-	_ _			=	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	48.8	-	44.8	-	s	s	33.1
Single modes	48.9	10.5	45.1	10.4	s	s	33.0
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	48.9 S S	10.5 S S	45.1 S S	10.4 S S	S S S	S S S	33.0 28.4 S
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _ -	_ _	_ _		- S	s	Š
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S -	31.6
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ 				_ _ _		_ _ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	44.8
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS							
Total	30.7	_	30.1	_	36.9	_	s
Single modes	30.7	_	30.1	_	36.9	_	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	30.7 31.7 47.0	- 11.5 11.5	30.1 33.5 37.6	11.0 11.0	36.9 38.2 42.1	14.4 14.4	S 18.6 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)				_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_		_	_	_	_	_
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _ _	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - - -	_ _ _ _	_ _ _ _	- - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.2

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

3,,	. ,		T.		T.		
	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment – coefficient of variation
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS							
Total	48.9	_	s	s	s	s	23.2
Single modes	48.5	.9	s	s	s	s	22.8
Truck	48.5 S S	.9 S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	22.8 28.1 22.2
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline			_	_	_ S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	S S	S	S S	28.2
Truck and water	5 -	_	_	_	_	_	31.6
Rail and water	Ξ.	_	_	_ _	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS AND OILS							
Total	18.2	_	32.3	_	22.5	_	s
Single modes	19.4	3.6	32.4	.4	22.3	1.1	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	19.6 26.8 22.9	3.5 3.5 5.8	32.5 27.0 34.5	.4 3.9 4.2	22.6 21.9 31.4	1.2 9.2 9.5	S 15.2 S
Rail	s	S	s	s	s	S	31.6
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	36.9 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	23.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	s	s	S	23.5
Truck and rail	_	_ _	_	_ _	_		
Rail and water			_ _	_ _	_ _		_ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.1
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES							
Total	45.1	-	48.8	-	s	s	19.6
Single modes	45.1	-	48.8	-	s	s	19.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	45.1 S 45.3	S .4	48.8 S 49.0	S .4	S S S	S S S	19.6 31.6 19.6
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr			_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	_				_	
Air (includes truck and air)	_			_ _	- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier				_ _			_ _
Truck and water Rail and water	=	_	_	_	_	_	
Other multiple modes	=	_	=	=	_	=	=
Other and unknown modes	l –	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Single modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)			_ _		_ S	_ S	_ S
. Multiple modes	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ _ _	_ _	-	-	_	_	-
Truck and water Rail and water	_ _		_		_		
Other multiple modes	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Truck	S -	S	S -	S	S -	S	31.6
Private truck	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline	_ _		_ _		_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Truck and water	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS		_					_
Total	s s	s	s s	s	44.0	_	s s
Truck	S	S		S	44.0	_	S
For-hire truck Private truck	S	S	S S S	S	S S	S S	S 41.4
Rail	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Deep draft	_	_	=	_	_	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)					S	S	S
Multiple modes	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water	_	_ _ _	_	_ _	_	_	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	_ _ _	-	_ _ _	_ _ _	=	_ _ _
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

ror explanation or terms and meaning or abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	Tons		Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	9.5
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	9.8
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	9.8 22.7 11.4
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_		_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail. Truck and water			- - -	_ _ _	_	_	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	_	_		_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.9
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.3
Single modes	s	s	49.0	9.3	s	s	37.9
Truck	S S S	S S S	49.0 S S	9.3 S S	S S S	S S S	37.9 29.0 20.8
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	=	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _ _	=	_ _		_ S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	-	_	-	-	_	-
Truck and water Rail and water	=	<u> </u>	_	_	_	=	_
Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	32.0
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES							
Total	28.4	_	28.4	_	s	s	27.2
Single modes	28.5	10.5	29.9	10.3	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	33.7 38.1 S	18.0 16.6 S	36.1 36.8 S	19.0 18.8 S	29.8 31.5 33.8
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8
Water	_		_		_	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	=					
Air (includes truck and air)	_ 41.0	18.3	41.0	_ 19.1	- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	S	S -	S -	S	31.6
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	_ _ _	=			_ _ _		_ _ _
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.9

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction			_		_			
	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	A	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
SCTG 15, COAL								
Total	32.0	_	34.6	_	45.6	_	s	
Single modes	31.1	.7	33.4	.9	45.1	.8	s	
Truck	41.5	16.5	41.0	16.6	s	S	21.6	
For-hire truck Private truck	41.9 S	14.7 S	41.3 S	14.7 S	42.2 S	17.2 S	24.6 36.0	
Rail	42.6	16.2	44.4	16.2	S	S	24.4	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Great Lakes Deep draft						=		
Air (includes truck and air)			_ _		s	S	s	
Multiple modes	-	-	_	-	_	-	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	
Truck and rail	=	_		_		_	_	
Rail and water						_		
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.8	
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL								
Total	9.4	_	8.3	_	27.9	_	s	
Single modes	9.4	.4	8.2	.4	28.0	.3	s	
Truck	11.9 14.9 16.5	7.2 3.7 8.5	12.2 19.9 16.5	7.9 4.1 8.3	30.7 S 23.6	5.4 S 5.5	S 33.4 S	
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)	37.7	7.2	37.7	7.8	- S	- S	_ S	
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Truck and rail	_				_	_		
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_	_		_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.3	
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS								
Total	14.1	_	12.0	_	s	s	s	
Single modes	14.1	_	12.0	_	s	s	s	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	15.2 23.8 23.1	7.3 5.2 10.5	13.1 26.4 24.0	7.7 5.8 11.1	S S 29.5	S S 15.1	S 29.8 S	
Rail	S S	10.5 S	24.0 S	S	29.3 S	S S	27.9	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft] =	_	_	_	_	_	_ =	
Great Lakes Deep draft				_		=		
Air (includes truck and air)	33.8	7.2	33.8	6.5	- S	S	_ S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6	
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	-	_	=	_	_	
Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	_	=	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduce			_				
	Val	ue	10	ons	I on-	miles	Avorago milos
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment – coefficient of variation
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	41.8	_	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	19.8	12.6	s	s	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	16.2 31.4 21.7	13.4 6.4 12.6	S S S	S S S	S S 37.2	S S 15.8	S 30.7 36.1
Rail	s	s	s	S	50.0	13.1	25.4
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air).	=	_	_ _		_ S	- S	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	26.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	S S	s	36.0
Truck and railTruck and water	S -	S -	S _	S -	S -	S _	26.0
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.6
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							
Total	19.1	_	44.8	_	41.7	_	21.1
Single modes	44.2	13.8	45.0	1.0	42.1	5.8	49.1
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	45.4 38.8 S	13.5 5.8 S	\$ 27.3 \$	S 11.1 S	34.7 29.9 S	15.0 14.2 S	47.3 20.4 31.9
Rail	37.0	1.1	42.5	8.9	49.9	17.2	20.3
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	=	- - -	_ _ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	31.1	13.9	31.7	1.0	38.1	5.8	17.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	31.1	13.9	31.7	1.0	38.1	5.8	17.4
Truck and railTruck and water	_	_	_		_	_	
Rail and water	-		- -		_ _	_ _	_ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	49.9
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS							
Total	27.5	_	s	s	s	s	19.7
Single modes	43.2	12.3	s	s	s	s	33.7
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	44.6 26.8 S	12.6 9.8 S	S S S	S S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$	22.6 37.0 S
Rail	_	_	-	-	_	_	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air).	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	29.8 S
Multiple modes	28.8	12.6	42.7	14.6	s	s	21.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	28.8 S	12.6 S	41.7 S	14.6 S	S S	S S	21.5 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	_		_	_	
Other multiple modes			_		_	_	-
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	s	S	28.2

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	Тс	ons	Ton-		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS							
Total	42.2	_	40.0	_	42.2	_	s
Single modes	42.3	8.3	40.1	5.9	42.2	.3	s
Truck	42.9	8.1	42.1	7.1	40.5	10.5	s
For-hire truck	S 47.7	S 13.0	S S	S S	S S	S S	27.0 S
Rail	s	S	S	S	47.3	10.6	30.4
Water						_	
Great Lakes Deep draft		_		_			
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _				- S	s	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_		_	_	_	_	_
Truck and water	Ξ.		_	_	=	_	=
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.							
Total	23.9	-	s	s	49.7	-	21.1
Single modes	31.5	10.4	s	s	49.6	13.3	s
Truck . For-hire truck . Private truck .	31.4 37.3 34.8	10.4 8.9 7.3	S S S	S S S	48.8 48.9 S	12.9 13.6 S	S 18.7 S
Rail	s	s	s	S	s	S	31.6
Water	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	30.5 S
Multiple modes	30.9	10.7	33.2	4.5	28.0	14.3	15.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	30.9	10.7	33.2	4.5	28.0	14.3	15.0
Truck and railTruck and water	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Rail and waterOther multiple modes		_				_	
Other and unknown modes	47.1	1.4	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER							
Total	12.4	-	14.9	-	20.7	-	21.9
Single modes	13.1	2.9	15.4	2.0	22.3	2.0	22.7
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	13.1 24.3 16.4	2.9 6.0 3.9	15.4 29.6 21.3	2.0 6.9 5.7	22.2 26.9 35.7	2.0 4.9 3.9	24.4 10.3 20.2
Rail	s	s	s	S	s	S	31.6
Water	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	45.0	.1	42.5 -	_ _	49.6 S	.3 S	15.0 S
Multiple modes	18.3	2.4	19.9	.7	16.6	1.9	9.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	18.3	2.4	19.9	.7	16.6	1.9	9.9
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	47.6	1.8	s	S	s	S	36.9

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

Case	To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-							
Script S		Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
Tatal	SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	variation of		variation of		variation of		per shipment— coefficient of
Single modes	SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH							
Single modes	Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	35.5
Tight		s	s					26.5
Former Inches								
Visit	For-hire truck	S	S	S	SS	S	S	31.6
Sembor date		-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Deep of all	Shallow draft	_	_				_	_
Pipeline		=					=	
Percent U.S. Pectal Service or courier		_				- S	S	S
Truck and rail. Truck	Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Tock and water			_	_	=	=	_	= =
Committation modes	Truck and water	=	_	_	_	_	_	_
SCTG 28, WOOD PRODUCTS	Other multiple modes	_	_				_	_
Total	Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Single modes	SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS							
Truck	Total	21.0	_	36.5	_	21.9	-	35.1
For-hire truck	Single modes	21.2	.9	36.6	.3	21.7	.2	35.3
Water	For-hire truck	23.6	7.5	26.9	6.8	21.1	9.5	22.9
Shallow draft	Rail	_	-	_	-	_	_	-
Great Lakes		-	_	-	_	-	-	_
Pipeline	Great Lakes	_ _ _		-	_	_ _ _		_ _ _
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier		S -	S -	S -		S S		31.6 S
Truck and rail	Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	26.4
Truck and water		s	s	s	s	S	s	26.4
Rail and water -		_	_			_	_	
Other and unknown modes	Rail and water	_	_	_		_	_	_
Total 21.6 - 22.0 - 33.8 - 18.3 Single modes 21.4 1.7 22.0 1.4 32.3 1.2 19.0 Truck 21.4 1.7 22.0 1.4 32.3 1.2 19.0 For-hire truck 39.5 9.3 36.0 10.5 37.1 9.2 11.2 Private truck 24.8 10.4 31.2 11.6 43.0 9.8 34.3 Rail -	·	s	s	36.4	.3	s	s	33.1
Total 21.6 - 22.0 - 33.8 - 18.3 Single modes 21.4 1.7 22.0 1.4 32.3 1.2 19.0 Truck 21.4 1.7 22.0 1.4 32.3 1.2 19.0 For-hire truck 39.5 9.3 36.0 10.5 37.1 9.2 11.2 Private truck 24.8 10.4 31.2 11.6 43.0 9.8 34.3 Rail -	SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD							
Truck 21.4 1.7 22.0 1.4 32.3 1.2 19.0 For-hire truck 39.5 9.3 36.0 10.5 37.1 9.2 11.2 Private truck 24.8 10.4 31.2 11.6 43.0 9.8 34.3 Rail —		21.6	_	22.0	_	33.8	_	18.3
For-hire truck	Single modes	21.4	1.7	22.0	1.4	32.3	1.2	19.0
Water - <td>For-hire truck</td> <td>39.5</td> <td>9.3</td> <td>36.0</td> <td>10.5</td> <td>37.1</td> <td>9.2</td> <td>11.2</td>	For-hire truck	39.5	9.3	36.0	10.5	37.1	9.2	11.2
Shallow draft	Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Great Lakes — <td< td=""><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>_</td></td<>		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline - - - - - S S S Multiple modes 37.4 1.7 43.3 1.4 S S 18.0 Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier 37.4 1.7 43.3 1.4 S S 18.0 Truck and rail -	Great Lakes	_ _ _	_ _ _		_	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Multiple modes 37.4 1.7 43.3 1.4 S S 18.0 Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier 37.4 1.7 43.3 1.4 S S 18.0 Truck and rail -	Air (includes truck and air)					- s	- S	- S
Truck and rail - - - - Truck and water - - - - Truck and water - - - - Rail and water - - - - - Other multiple modes - - - - -		37.4	1.7	43.3	1.4	s	s	18.0
Truck and water - - - - - - Rail and water - - - - - - Other multiple modes - - - - - -		37.4	1.7	43.3	1.4	s	S	18.0
Other multiple modes	Truck and water	_		_		_	_	
							_	
		_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For expianation or terms and meaning or abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value		Тс	ons	Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	18.2	_	18.5	_	28.0	_	28.9
Single modes	18.3	1.1	18.0	.8	25.2	3.3	34.3
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	18.3 21.2 40.0	1.4 6.4 6.0	18.0 19.7 S	.8 6.5 S	25.3 25.7 28.8	3.3 3.9 2.7	36.7 20.1 31.2
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	_ 	- S	_ S	- S	- S	S	29.0
Pipeline	-	-	-	-	S	S	S
Multiple modes	48.1	1.1	S	S	S	S	23.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	38.8	.8	S -	S -	41.8	.8	23.4
Truck and water Rail and water	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Other and unknown modes	40.0	_	S	S	s	S	38.7
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS							
Total Single modes	14.3	5.3	32.9 29.0	9.3	23.7	7.6	33.7 14.5
Truck	18.2	5.3	29.7	9.3	30.5	7.3	17.5
For-hire truck Private truck	23.9 27.7	5.7 4.9	32.6 31.3	6.7 5.4	28.6 S	6.5 S	14.5 S
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Water	_ _					_	_ _
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _				_ _	_	
Air (includes truck and air)	47.5 _	1.3	45.7 -	.9	42.0 S	2.3 S	16.7 S
Multiple modes	29.8	6.2	s	s	36.2	7.9	37.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	29.8	6.2	S -	S -	36.2	7.9	37.3
Truck and water	Ξ				_	=	_
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	=	_
Other and unknown modes	37.7	2.0	29.9	3.0	48.0	.9	s
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES OR LEATHER							
Total	13.4	-	38.4	-	14.3	-	9.3
Single modes	22.7	7.5	41.1	6.9	21.1	7.7	18.8
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	23.9 25.4 34.1	8.2 5.3 8.7	41.2 24.5 44.8	7.2 7.5 12.8	22.9 22.4 42.4	8.9 7.7 7.9	43.7 27.6 17.0
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_ _						
Great Lakes Deep draft					_ _		
Air (includes truck and air)	40. <u>9</u>	.9 —	42.9 -	.4	47.4 S	1.3 S	16.4 S
Multiple modes	16.6	7.6	23.8	7.3	23.8	7.5	8.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	16.6	7.6	23.8	7.3	23.8	7.5	8.1
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	=	_ _ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation				Coefficient of		Coefficient of	
	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	variation of number	Standard error of percentage	variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 31, NONMETALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS							
Total	15.4	_	20.7	_	15.6	_	s
Single modes	15.7	3.1	20.2	1.7	15.7	.7	s
Truck	16.4	3.7	20.7	2.1	9.5	5.7	23.7
For-hire truck Private truck	21.0 21.5	6.3 4.6	22.4 22.7	3.4 3.6	20.1 9.8	5.5 6.8	19.1 14.1
Rail	48.5	.7	48.2	1.4	s	S	25.9
Water Shallow draft						_	
Great Lakes					_	_	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	23.2 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	17.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	s	s	S	17.7
Truck and rail	=				_	_	
Rail and water	=	_	_	_ _	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	47.0	1.7	s	s	47.8	.6	s
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES							
Total	13.0	_	10.4	_	15.6	_	29.5
Single modes	13.9	2.0	10.9	1.2	15.6	4.3	15.2
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	16.6 20.8 14.6	9.6 7.0 3.6	15.6 18.5 17.7	7.8 6.9 4.0	17.3 19.1 31.6	6.1 7.1 3.9	16.3 9.8 30.3
Rail	36.8	9.5	25.1	7.6	24.9	6.8	34.3
Water	_	_	-		_	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S	21.2 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	21.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S S	S S	S S S	S S	S	22.1 29.8
Truck and water	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	29.8 -
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL							
Total	12.5	_	12.2	_	8.1	_	23.5
Single modes	13.8	2.1	13.2	2.7	10.1	4.3	29.0
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	13.5 12.3 24.5	2.9 4.4 5.6	13.3 17.1 21.4	2.6 5.2 4.9	10.8 11.8 25.4	4.5 5.4 2.0	31.0 18.6 28.2
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Water Shallow draft	_	-	-	-	_ _	_	-
Silation draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	SS	12.3 S
Multiple modes	14.4	1.6	28.2	.3	s	s	21.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	16.7 S	1.7 S	22.0 S	_ S	14.8 S	_ S	21.8 29.5
Truck and water Rail and water	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	26.0
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	41.1	1.1	37.2	2.7	39.8	4.7	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value		To	ons	Ton-		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 34, MACHINERY							
Total	17.6	_	23.0	_	46.3	_	s
Single modes	25.3	8.3	29.0	7.7	48.4	5.6	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	25.9 36.0 35.1	7.6 7.5 8.2	29.6 S 24.8	7.5 S 10.5	S S S	S S S	S 19.9 17.6
Rail	s	S	s	s	s	s	31.6
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	42.4 _	2.8	46.7	.5	40.8 S	.8 S	14.0 S
Multiple modes	27.8	2.6	41.1	1.8	38.5	3.6	15.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	27.8	2.6	41.1	1.8	38.5	3.6	15.6
Truck and vater			_		_	_	
Rail and water Other multiple modes			_ _	_ _		_	
Other and unknown modes	36.8	7.5	37.7	7.7	38.0	3.1	s
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT							
Total	37.0	_	20.5	_	37.1	_	13.1
Single modes	45.5	5.1	22.5	3.6	41.9	4.9	27.0
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S 21.7	S S 3.2	23.5 30.4 26.1	5.4 9.0 7.5	45.6 46.1 29.5	9.2 9.5 1.2	48.0 11.5 10.2
Rail	s	S	s	s	s	s	25.9
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	15.8	5.0	18.7	2.1	19.2 S	5.8 S	4.5 S
Multiple modes	14.1	4.1	25.7	3.3	30.3	4.3	7.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	14.1	4.1	25.7	3.3	30.3	4.3	7.5
Truck and water Rail and water	_		_			_	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	30.2	1.6	S	S	S	S	S
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)							
Total	31.7	-	31.1	-	35.6	-	21.2
Single modes	34.8	8.8	32.3	8.4	37.5	9.6	40.1
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	34.6 40.0 30.2	10.9 12.9 9.6	32.4 37.7 40.3	11.6 12.5 9.8	38.1 40.2 43.3	13.0 15.0 7.9	44.8 16.2 17.3
Rail	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	_ _ _ _	- - -	_ _ _ _	- - -	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	S	S	S	S	s	S	20.8
Pipeline	42.0	7.5	37.8	5.6	s s	s s	23.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	42.0	7.5	37.8	5.6	S	S	23.6
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes			- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _ _	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Outer and unknown modes	. 5	, 5	, 5	, 5	, 5	, 3	, 5

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

3	. ,						
		Value		Tons		Ton-miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.							
Total	14.6	_	s	s	s	s	7.5
Single modes	16.5	3.7	s	s	s	s	12.3
Truck	20.3	3.5	s	s	s	s	20.5
For-hire truck Private truck	20.7 42.5	2.8 1.4	SS	SS	S	SS	15.2 S
Rail	20.7	4.4	S	S	s	S	28.3
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_		_				
Great Lakes Deep draft	-				_ _		_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	44.0	2.3	35.7 -	1.3	41.0 S	1.2 S	12.3 S
Multiple modes	43.4	3.7	36.4	2.2	45.9	1.5	8.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	43.4	3.7	36.4	2.2	45.9	1.5	8.1
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	=	=	_	_	_	=	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS							
Total	11.8	-	24.7	-	23.7	-	10.1
Single modes	14.8	5.8	27.4	7.1	28.5	8.6	17.2
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	19.7 22.0 35.8	6.0 5.8 3.6	29.4 33.9 28.8	8.6 10.1 5.9	31.4 32.4 49.9	11.6 13.4 3.1	34.1 11.1 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water	_	-	_	-	-	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _		_ _ _		_ _ _		_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	18.8	4.9	20.4	5.1 -	19.5 S	6.4 S	3.2 S
Multiple modes	18.8	5.6	18.5	7.2	20.2	9.6	11.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	18.8	5.6	18.5	7.2	20.2	9.6	11.4
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	_	_ _	-	-	_
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	49.4	2.4	47.7	1.7	35.0
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS							
Total	15.5	_	17.4	_	14.6	_	18.8
Single modes	14.8	2.4	14.6	2.3	15.6	5.2	9.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	14.9 15.4 22.7	2.4 5.8 5.4	14.6 13.5 25.9	2.3 7.7 7.1	15.7 15.6 28.8	5.1 5.5 1.5	9.6 12.1 19.0
Rail	s	S	S	s	s	S	31.6
Water	_	-	_	-	_ _	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	30.1 S
Multiple modes	s	s	39.6	.8	s	s	17.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	41.2	.8	s	s	17.9
Truck and rail. Truck and water	s	S	s	S	s	s	31.6
Rail and water	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	33.3

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction	Value		т.	Tons		Ton-miles	
	Vai	ue	10	ı	1011-	rmies	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	10.9	_	23.7	-	18.6	_	12.7
Single modes	15.4	6.5	24.9	1.3	18.1	3.8	19.2
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	17.7 16.1 26.1	6.9 2.9 6.3	24.4 19.8 36.0	1.1 7.2 7.7	15.2 15.6 41.3	4.4 7.0 4.8	16.2 35.0 13.5
Rail	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- -	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	45.0	2.4	S -	S -	S	S S	4.1 S
Multiple modes	25.2	6.1	19.2	1.1	38.7	3.8	12.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	27.4 S	6.7 S	18.3	1.4 S	16.3 S	2.7 S	12.0 27.9
Truck and water	-	_	S - -	_	_	-	27.9
Rail and waterOther multiple modes	Ξ.		_	_ _	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	48.5	1.6	23.9	.6	49.7	.9	49.8
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	27.7	_	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	30.6	5.8	s	s	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	40.1 47.1 47.8	12.0 12.0 3.5	S S S	S S S	S S 44.3	S S 2.8	S S 26.4
Rail	43.1	12.8	s	s	S	s	S
Water	_	_	-	-	-	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- -	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)			_ _		_ S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	26.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	S S	S S	S	S	31.6
Truck and rail. Truck and water	S -	S -	_	5	S -	S -	27.9
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_			_ _	_	
Other and unknown modes	_	-	_	_	-	-	_
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							
Total	27.4	-	31.8	-	30.6	_	s
Single modes	27.7	1.6	32.2	1.1	31.1	1.4	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	27.7 S 30.8	1.6 S 7.0	32.2 S 34.4	1.1 S 4.8	31.1 S 37.6	1.4 S 9.7	\$ \$ \$
Rail	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Water Shallow draft	-		_		-	-	_
Great Lakes Deep draft		=	=	=	- -	=	= =
Air (includes truck and air)			_ _		- S	s	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	29.8
Truck and water Rail and water			_		_ _	_	
Other multiple modes	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.0

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ue	Tons		Ton-		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
COMMODITY UNKNOWN							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.1
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.0
Truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	29.0 30.2 31.0
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _				- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier. Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes.	S - - - -	S - - - -	S - - - -	\$ - - -	S - - -	S - - - -	28.9 - - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-7. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

-	Val	lue	Tons		Ton-miles		
State of destination	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	8.1	-	17.5	_	29.4	_	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	25.4 29.2 47.0 43.6 S 37.7	- .3 - S	\$ 6 43.3 8 8 8	80 - 888	S S 43.1 S S S	99 - 999	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey	17.3 12.5 29.5	.1 - .2	47.9 26.5 24.4	- - -	48.1 26.2 23.6	.2 .2 .3	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	\$ 26.8 31.9 21.6 23.0	S .3 .4 .3 –	S 17.1 39.0 23.0 24.2	S - - - -	S 16.8 38.9 23.1 25.1	S .7 .6 .3 .2	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	27.9 29.5 22.0 19.4 29.7 38.8 19.7	.1 .1 .1 	30.1 S 38.0 49.0 33.5 42.9 S	- S - - - - S	30.4 S 41.3 48.0 34.6 42.1 S	- S .2 .1 - - S	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	S S 14.0 27.8 S S 41.7 25.9 44.2	\$ \$ 7.7	\$ 41.5 24.9 16.9 37.2 35.7 30.2 \$ \$	S S S	S 41.8 25.2 16.8 38.8 35.5 31.0 S	S - - 2.4 5.5 2.4 8.5 8	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	26.7 35.4 S 29.1	- .2 S .2	\$ 49.6 \$ \$	S - S S	\$ 48.5 \$ \$	\$.7 \$ \$	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	27.6 13.5 40.5 33.1	- - .2 .7	47.2 42.8 S 25.3	- - S -	48.3 44.1 S 27.8	.2 .2 .3 .3	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona . Colorado . Idaho . Montana . Nevada . New Mexico . Utah . Wyoming .	10.8 24.3 7.8 11.1 10.2 33.3 5.9 17.0	.2 .4 .1 .3 .4 .2.3	20.5 16.0 14.2 23.7 37.5 5 22.4 15.4	.2 .1 .4 - 1.2 S 5.1 .1	17.0 17.1 15.1 22.7 39.6 S 22.9 23.5	.9 .4 .5 .1 1.2 2.5 .2	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska . California Hawaii . Oregon . Washington .	35.0 13.3 22.4 13.4 10.1	1.0 - .1 .4	S 23.8 45.2 35.6 24.9	S 1.6 - .1 .3	S 25.0 45.4 38.5 27.3	\$ 6.3 .1 .3 1.4	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-8. Measures of Reliability for Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

	Value		То	ns	Ton-miles		
State of origin	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	4.4	-	16.8	_	12.1		
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	18.7 30.0 36.4 S 27.9 31.3	- - 2 S - -	\$ 40.0 34.6 26.5 \$ 32.1	S - - - S -	\$ 34.2 34.5 26.7 \$ 33.9	S - .1 - S -	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey	19.6 6.5 47.8	. <u>4</u> _ 1.1	33.0 33.4 47.9	- - .1	34.1 31.2 46.9	.2 .1 .6	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	16.4 25.4 48.2 30.5 18.9	.4 .2 1.1 1.1 .4	14.8 28.5 25.9 29.2 46.9	- - .1 .1 .4	15.1 28.3 25.9 29.6 46.8	.5 .1 .7 .6 1.3	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	24.6 44.2 20.7 32.1 29.4 S 41.0	.2 .5 .4 .8 .2 .2 .3	20.7 22.9 39.7 22.3 S S 43.5	- 1.9 1.1 S S	22.3 22.8 39.3 22.1 S S 45.7	.1 .2 8.0 5.5 S S	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	S S 12.6 34.3 24.8 23.4 19.7 23.3 32.6	\$ \$.4 - .2 .1	\$ \$ \$ 18.5 \$ 30.8 \$ \$ 39.0 \$ 38.0 \$ 24.6 \$ \$	\$\$ - \$ - \$ - \$	\$ \$ 18.5 \$ 30.3 \$ \$ 42.4 \$ 37.2 \$ 24.6 \$ \$	S S - 6.6 S 4 - 1.5 S	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	17.1 35.1 20.3 16.7	_ .3 .1 .1	25.6 27.5 20.1 31.1	- - -	27.2 28.1 20.2 32.9	.2 .3 .2 .3	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	23.9 38.8 32.3 17.8	.1 - .2 .6	31.5 40.3 S 13.4	.1 - S .2	34.0 40.3 S 14.8	.4 .3 S .7	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	34.8 22.3 16.0 29.8 28.7 26.6 5.9 38.4	.8 .6 .4 .1 1.3 - 1.9	34.7 37.7 13.8 37.6 119.9 38.8 22.4 37.3	.3 .7 .3 .2 .1	42.5 31.9 10.0 41.3 20.8 32.5 22.9 39.5	.7 .6 .3 .4 .1 	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington	S 11.1 48.4 17.1 12.4	S .9 .2 .2	S 8.4 47.9 20.6 26.2	\$.4 - .2 .6	\$ 9.3 48.2 21.1 26.5	S 1.6 - .5 1.7	

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 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Appendix C. Sample Design, Data Collection, and Estimation

INTRODUCTION

The primary goal for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is to estimate shipping volumes (value, tons, and ton-miles) by commodity and mode of transportation at varying levels of geographic detail. A detailed description of the sample design for the 1997 CFS is provided below.

SAMPLE DESIGN

The sample for the 1997 CFS is selected using a stratified three-stage design in which the first-stage sampling units are establishments, the second-stage sampling units are groups of four 1-week periods (reporting weeks) within the survey year, and the third-stage sampling units are shipments.

First Stage

To create the first-stage sampling frame, we extracted a subset of establishment records from the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL). The SSEL is a database, maintained by the Bureau of the Census, that contains a record for each establishment with employees. (An establishment is a single physical location where business transactions take place.) Establishments having nonzero payroll in 1994 and classified in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, or selected retail industries, as defined by the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, are included on the sampling frame. Auxiliary establishments (e.g. warehouses and central administrative offices) with shipping activity are also included. Auxiliary establishments are establishments that are primarily involved in rendering support services for other establishments within the same company, instead of for the public, government, or other business firms. All other establishments contained on the sampling frame are referred to as nonauxiliary establishments. For each establishment we extracted sales, payroll, number of employees, name and address information, as well as a primary identifier. We also computed a measure of size for each establishment. The measure of size for a particular establishment is designed to approximate the establishment's total value of shipments for 1994.

To reduce the amount of sampling variability and because estimates are desired for each commodity, we used a stratified design with a certainty component for each three-digit SIC. To accomplish this, each establishment on the sampling frame is classified into a three-digit

SIC grouping. For each group of establishments, a boundary (or cutoff) that divides the certainty establishments from the noncertainty establishments is determined using the Lavallee-Hidiroglou algorithm. If an establishment's measure of size is greater than the cutoff, the establishment is selected "with certainty". Establishments selected "with certainty" were assured of being selected and represented only themselves (i.e., have a selection probability of one and a sampling weight of one). No certainty cutoffs are set for auxiliary establishments because they only make up a small portion of the estimated total value of shipments for all establishments on the sampling frame.

Establishments not selected with certainty makeup the noncertainty universe. We stratify the noncertainty universe by SIC recode, National Transportation Analysis Region (NTAR), and a flag used to differentiate auxiliary establishments from nonauxiliary establishments. Each SIC recode is constructed from a group of related three-digit SIC codes. The NTARs, developed by the Department of Transportation as combinations of Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) Areas, collectively provide a mutually exclusive and exhaustive coverage of the United States. Finally, the auxiliary stratification came about because establishments with different types of operation may have different shipping practices. We refer to a particular SIC recode-NTAR-auxiliary flag combination as a primary stratum.

We further stratify the noncertainty establishments within each primary stratum using the measure of size previously described. We refer to these measure-of-size strata as substrata of the primary strata. The measure of size stratification increases the efficiency of the sample design. The Dalenius-Hodges cumulative rule is used to set the substratum boundaries. We then use Neyman allocation to determine the sample size required within each substratum to meet a coefficient of variation constraint on the primary stratum total measure of size. Within each substratum, a simple random sample of establishments is selected without replacement.

To arrive at the final sample size, we allocated additional establishments to some of the strata so that the probability of selecting any establishment is no less than 1 in 100. In total, the first-stage sample comprises 102,739 establishments.

Second Stage

The frame for the second stage of sampling consists of 52 one-week reporting periods (reporting weeks) during the interval from December 29, 1996, to December 26,

1997. Each establishment selected for the 1997 CFS was systematically assigned to report for a group of four reporting weeks throughout the survey year. The four reporting weeks in a given group are separated by 12 weeks. For example, an establishment might be requested to report data for the 5th, 18th, 31st, and 44th weeks of the survey year.

Third Stage

For each of the four reporting weeks in which an establishment is asked to report, we request the respondent to construct a sampling frame that consists of all shipments made by their establishment in each particular reporting week. For any particular reporting week, if an establishment makes 40 or fewer shipments during that week, we ask the respondent to provide information about all of their establishment's shipments from that week, i.e., no sampling is required. For establishments making more than 40 shipments in a given reporting week, we ask the respondent to select a systematic sample of these shipments and to provide us with information only about the selected shipments. The size of a particular respondent's sample for a given reporting week should be between 20 and 40 shipments, depending on the total number of shipments the establishment made during that reporting week.

DATA COLLECTION

Each establishment selected into the CFS sample is mailed a questionnaire for each of its four reporting weeks. For a given establishment, we request the respondent to provide the following information about their establishment's shipments: domestic destination or port of exit, commodity, value, weight, mode(s) of transportation, the date on which the shipment was made, and an indication of whether the shipment was an export, hazardous material, or containerized. For shipments that include more than one commodity, respondents are instructed to report the commodity that makes up the greatest percentage of the shipment's weight. For exports, we also ask the respondent to provide the mode of export and the foreign destination city and country.

We used two versions of the questionnaire to collect data from the sampled establishments—the CFS-1000 and the CFS-2000. Each establishment received the CFS-1000 in each of its first three reporting weeks. However, for the fourth reporting week, a subsample of approximately 25,000 establishments received the CFS-2000, while the remaining establishments received the CFS-1000. The CFS-2000 requests the respondent to provide additional information about their establishment's access to on-site and off-site shipping facilities, as well as transportation equipment. See Appendix E for a copy of each questionnaire.

ESTIMATION

Each shipment has associated with it a single tabulation weight, that is used in computing all estimates to which

the shipment contributes. The tabulation weight is a product of seven different weights. A description of each weight follows.

CFS respondents provide data for a sample of shipments made by their respective establishments in the survey year. For each establishment, we produce an estimate of that establishment's total value of shipments for the entire survey year. To do this, we use four different weights, the shipment weight, the shipment nonresponse weight, the quarter weight, and the quarter nonresponse weight.

Like establishments, we identify shipments as either certainty or noncertainty. (See the Nonsampling Error section in Appendix B for a description of how certainty shipments are identified.) For noncertainty shipments, the shipment weight is defined as the ratio of the total number of noncertainty shipments (as reported by the respondent) made by an establishment in a reporting week to the number of sampled noncertainty shipments for the same week. This weight uses the data from the sampled shipments to represent all the establishment's shipments made in the reporting week. However, some respondents fail to provide sufficient information about a sampled shipment. For example, a respondent may not be able to provide value, weight, or a destination ZIP Code for some of the sampled shipments. If these data items cannot be imputed, then these shipments would not contribute to tabulations and are deemed "unusable." (A usable shipment is one that has valid entries for value, weight, and origin and destination ZIP Codes.) To account for these "unusable" shipments, we apply the shipment nonresponse weight. For noncertainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week, this weight is equal to the ratio of the number of sampled shipments for the reporting week to the number of "usable" shipments for the same week. The shipment weight and shipment nonresponse weight for certainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week are both equal to one.

The quarter weight inflates an establishment's estimate for a particular reporting week to an estimate for the corresponding quarter. For noncertainty shipments, the quarter weight is equal to 13. The quarter weight for most certainty shipments is also equal to 13. However, if a respondent is able to provide information about all large (or certainty) shipments made in the quarter containing the reporting week, then the quarter weight for each of these shipments would be one. For each establishment, the quarterly estimates are added to produce an estimate of the establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. Whenever an establishment does not provide the Census Bureau with a response for each of its four reporting weeks, we compute a quarter nonresponse weight. The quarter nonresponse weight for a particular establishment is defined as the ratio of the number of

quarters for which the establishment was in business in the survey year to the total number of quarters (reporting weeks) for which we received usable shipment data from the establishment.

Using these four component weights, we compute an estimate of each establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. We then multiply this estimate by a weight that adjusts the estimate using value of shipments and sales data obtained from other Census Bureau surveys and preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census. This weight, called the establishment-level adjustment weight, attempts to correct for any sampling or nonsampling errors that occur during the sampling of shipments by the respondent.

The adjusted value of shipments estimate for an establishment is then weighted by the establishment weight. This weight is equal to the inverse of the establishment's probability of being selected into the sample.

A final adjustment weight, called the SIC-level adjustment weight, uses preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census to account for establishments from which we did not receive a response (including establishments from which we did not receive any usable shipment data) and for changes in the population of establishments between the time the first-stage sampling frame was constructed (1995) and the year in which the data were collected (1997). Separate SIC-level adjustment weights are determined for nonauxiliary and auxiliary establishments.

Appendix D. Standard Classification of Transported Goods Code Information

The commodities shown in this report are classified using the Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) coding system. The SCTG coding system was created jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System (HS) of product classification which is used worldwide. The purpose of the SCTG coding system was to specifically address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

In the past, Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) data have been collected and reported using product classifications found in the Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC) system. These classifications were developed in the early 1960s by the American Association of Railroads (AAR) to analyze commodity movements by rail. The original purpose of the STCC was for identification of commodities for purposes of assigning rates for Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC) regulated rail carriers. The STCC continues to be used by the AAR as a tariff mechanism.

At the time that the Commodity Transportation Survey (CTS) (the CTS—the predecessor of the CFS) was first conducted in 1963, STCC codes were still useful for analyzing most important aspects of the U.S. transportation system. Since then, many changes have taken place that have gradually made the STCC code less useful for tracking domestic product movements across all modes (although

it remains perfectly functional for tracking rail-only movements). These include the deregulation of trucking, the enactment of North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), changes in logistics practices, the emergence of plastics and composite materials to replace metals and glass, the obsolescence of many categories of wood products, and the very rapid recent development of high-tech electronic goods. Because the CFS is a shipper survey, the CFS collects information about shipments moving on all modes. As a consequence, STCC classifications frequently provide inadequate detail for identifying products that are significant for modes, such as truck and air. It is for these reasons that the Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) has sponsored the development of a new product code to collect and report CFS data.

In 1997 the CFS provided respondents with a listing of SCTG codes and descriptions at the five-digit level to use in assigning a commodity code for each shipment. For shipments of more than one commodity, we instructed respondents to use the five-digit code for the major commodity, defined as the commodity of greatest total weight in the shipment.

Additional information on the SCTG system can be found on the Internet through the BTS web page at http://www.bts.gov. Comments or questions on the SCTG should be directed to http://cfs@bts.gov.

Appendix E. Sample Report Forms and Instructions

The sample report forms and instructions are shown on the following pages.

Note: The CFS-2000 was sent to a subsample of establishments to obtain additional information about the use of transportation equipment and facilities.

FORM **CFS-1000** (11-1-96)

Reporting period:

1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

	Please return by:									
	RETURN TO BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street									
	Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001				, D,				710.0	
<u></u>	FEORE COMPLETING VOLUB REPORT	.1					rect any error in name, Is this establishmer			$\overline{}$
a a	EFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, I companying instruction guide. If book fig vailable for requested data, please provide	ures are estima	not		Γ	terii C	as the address show rural routes are not	wn in the la	bel? (P0	O boxes or
l na	ave any questions, please call 1–800–772–	/851.				1 🔲 Y	es			
T	nrough this survey, we are requesting data	a on a				2 N	o — Enter physical lo	ocation belo	W. ⊭	
re u:	presentative sample of your outbound shis produce key statistics used by transporta	ipments	s, to he	elp		Numb	er and street			
aı	nd managers. We greatly appréciate your a ogram.									
	ogram.					City t	own, village, etc.		State	ZIP Code
Iter		the			1	City, to	Jwii, viiiage, etc.		State	Zii Code
	mailing address correct?									
	7v				1	shipme	 The rest of this que ents (or deliveries) fror in the mailing label. 	stionnaire re n the establi	equests shment	information about located at the
	」Yes ☑ No — Enter correct name.					lf you e form fo	entered a different add or shipments originatir	ress in item ng from the l	C — Pla ocation	ease complete the listed in item C.
					Ľ	tem D	Please enter the tota (or deliveries), include one-week reporting are not available, please	ding custome period show	er pick-i n above	up, for the e. If book figures
Iter	Mark (X) the ONE box which best de establishment during the one-week pabove.			,				shipments this location	and de	uld reflect all eliveries leaving ng the one-week
l ₁┌	In operation									Please see for a definition of
2	Temporarily or seasonally inactive	Month	Day	Year	L			"shipment		
3	Ceased operation — Give date ———				_	<u>t</u>	DO NOT PROC COMPL	EED UNTIL	YOU I	HAVE
	YOUR RESPONSE IS REQUIRED B that receive this questionnaire to ans YOUR CENSUS REPORT IS CONF	wer the	questi AL. It r	ions an may be	d r se	eturn the	ne report to the Census by Census Bureau em	s Bureau. By oployees and	the sar I may b	ne law,
	only for statistical purposes. Further,	copies i	retaine	d in re	spc	ondents	' tiles are immune froi	m legal proc	ess.	

Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in item D, please enter "1" as your selection rate in the box below, then go directly to item F and enter the information for each of your shipments.

If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate>	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. -

SHIPMENT CHARACTERISTICS Item F If a Shipment Shipment value hazardous Shipment date (excluding Commodity material, Shipment weight shipping costs) code from Commodity description enter the in pounds SCTG Manual Number in whole "UN" or (c) Line dollars "NA" Month number Da) (a) (b) (d) (e) (f) (h) (g) 123-5 4 26 4,235 140 3₁5₁1₂0 Electrical transformers 402H 125,300 00 4 26 626,500 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 Gasoline 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Mode of transport codes Parcel delivery, courier, or U.S. 2 — Private truck 4 - Railroad for columns (k) and (n) Postal Service 3 - For-hire truck Continued

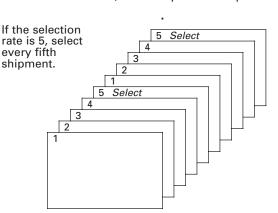
Page 2

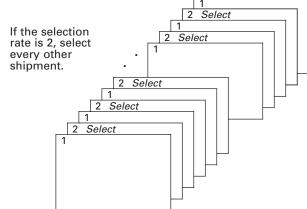
FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

<u> </u>								ı	I	I		_	_
Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destination (Complete for all sh a		oments.)			Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de (for export ship Note: In column (j airport, or border c	Export mode	Line No.			
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code			codes below. (k)	(I)	City	Country	(n)	(0)		
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\downarrow}A$	9	0 0) ($0_{1}4_{1}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	$N_{\parallel}Y$	1	0) 4	$1_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
				1									1
				ı	1	1 1							2
				1	1	1 1							3
				1									4
				1									5
													6
													7
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													9
\bigcup	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel		7 – 8 –		ipelir Air	ne	9 — 0 0 — 0			1	<u> </u>		

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page :

lte	m F SHIP	MEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued			
Eine No.	Shipment ID Number	ID shipping costs)		(excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(d)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
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18								
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20								
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24								
25								
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28								
29								
30								
31								
32								
33								
34	Mode of tra	nenor	t cod	ae 1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S.	2 — Priv	rate truck 4 — Railro	ad
	for columns	. (k) ai	nd (n)		Service	3 — For-	-hire truck Continued	

Page 4

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

(N/A))	(j)	ation shipment	ts.)	transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de: (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border ci	ments only) enter the U.S. port, ossing of exit.	Export mode	oN ori
+	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	⊜ Exp	City	Country	(n)	(0
				(K)	(1)			(11)	Т
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FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

Page 5

lte	m F SHII	PMEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued					
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	Shipment date Shipment date (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars (b) (c) 4t Co (d) (d)		Shipment weight in pounds	ξ	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity	description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number	
(a)	(b)	Σ	ă	(d)	(e)	\dashv	(f)	(9	g)	(h)
35										<u> </u>
36							1 1 1 1			
37							1 1 1			
38										
39										
40										
Mc	de of trans	port c	odes		L delivery, courier, or U.S Service	S.		Private truck For-hire truck	4 — Railroad Continued —	
	2. / f	Are the from to f seperate (site) a	n this es o he rec this lo hearate comm t this	ords for outbound ships ocation maintained in a files (e.g., separate file nodity, or for each ships location?	ments number s for ping	ltem (one-wee should restablish An estime Total val	e total value of ship k reporting period. epresent all product ment for the one-value is acceptable. ue in whole dollars to three months did individual shipme er \$2,000,000?	This figure cts leaving this week period.	
	3. \	Noul	d it be ionna ient s es	em G1 or item G2: e easier to receive a sepire for each file or each ite?			□No			
Ite	m J CER	TIFIC	ATIOI	N						
Na	me of perso	on to c	ontac	t regarding this report – <i>Pl</i> o	ease print	Telepl	hone number	– Include area code	Date	
Sig	nature					Title				
/										,

Page 6 FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destina (Complete for all s (j)	tion shipmen	ts.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. (m)			Line No.
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes below.	(I)	City	Country	© Export mode	(0)
									35
									36
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									37
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	5 — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipeli	ino 9	Otho	r mode			40
- - - -									
_									
		THA	ANK YOU FC	R COMPLETII	NG Y	OUR REPORT			

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96) Page 7

FORM (6-9-97) CFS-2000

Reporting period:

1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Please return by:								
RETURN TO BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001			0	lease correct	any error in name,	address and	l ZIP Coo	de)
BEFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, paccompanying instruction guide. If book figure available for requested data, please provide have any questions, please call 1–800–772–7	ures are estimat 7851.	not	ie	Item C Is as rul	this establishmen the address show ral routes are not - Enter physical lo	nt's physica vn in the la physical lo	l location bel? (PC cations	on the same O boxes or
representative sample of your outbound shi us produce key statistics used by transporta and managers. We greatly appreciate your a program. Item A Is the establishment name shown in	pments tion pla assistan	nners		Number an	nd street , village, etc.		State	ZIP Code
mailing address correct? 1 Yes 2 No — Enter correct name.				shipments address in If you enter	he rest of this que: (or deliveries) fron the mailing label. red a different addi ipments originatin	n the establi ress in item	shment C — <i>Ple</i>	ease complete the
				io) on	ease enter the tota r deliveries), include e-week reporting p e not available, ple	ling customo	er pick-u n above	up, for the e. If book figures
Mark (X) the ONE box which best de establishment during the one-week pabove. 1 In operation 2 Temporarily or seasonally inactive			Year			shipments this location reporting	and de on durin period. In Guide	uld reflect all eliveries leaving ng the one-week Please see for a definition of
3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date →		,		£	DO NOT PROCE COMPL	EED UNTIL		HAVE
YOUR RESPONSE IS REQUIRED B that receive this questionnaire to ans YOUR CENSUS REPORT IS CONFI only for statistical purposes. Further,	wer the o	questi \L. It r	ons and	return the re	eport to the Census Census Bureau em	s Bureau. By iployees and	the san I may be	ne law,

Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in item D, please enter "1" as your selection rate in the box below, then go directly to item F and enter the information for each of your shipments.

If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

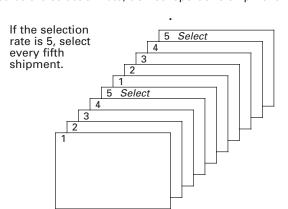
CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. –

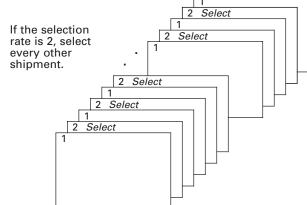
Iten	n F SHIPN	IENT	СНА	RACTERISTICS				
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	t date (excluding shipping of in who dollar		Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 5 1 2 0	Electrical transformers	
00	402H	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline	1,2,0,3
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								+
6						1 1 1		
7								
8								
9								
	Mode of tra for columns	nspor (k) aı	t code nd (n)	es 1 — Parcel de Postal S	elivery, courier, or U.S. ervice		I vate truck 4 — Railroad -hire truck Continued ——	

SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

© Containerized?		(j)			(Complete for all shipments.) (Enter all that apply in order used. Use codes below.		Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. (m) City Country		© Export mode	© Line No.			
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9	0) [$0_{\parallel}4_{\parallel}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	N Y	1	_0)	$\mathbf{l}_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
		ı											1
				ı									2
				1		1 1							3
				ı	ı	1 1							4
				1	1	1 1							5
				1	1	1 1							6
						1 1							7
													8
						1 1							9
\Box	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel	1 1		7 – 8 –		ipelin Vir	ie	9 — C 0 — L			1		

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page 3

Line No.	Shipment ID Number	(0	ite :)	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"
一 (a)	(b)	Month	Day	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	number (h)
10								
11								\perp
12								
13								
14								
15								$\overline{}$
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	Mode of tra	nspoi	t codes	1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S. Service	2 — Priv 3 — For-	rate truck 4 — Railroa -hire truck <i>Continued</i> -	d

E-12 APPENDIX E

(N/N)	U.S. destinat (Complete for all s	tion hipment	s.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border c	stination oments only) enter the U.S. port, rossing of exit. m)	Export mode	Line No.
i)	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	(i) Exp	City	Country		
1)				(K)	(1)			(n)	(0
									10
_									11
									12
									13
									14
			1 1 1 1						15
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-									2
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			1 1 1 1						3
									3
									3:
									3
	5 — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipe	eline Q —	- Other	mode			3

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

lte	m F SHIF	PMEN	IT CH	ARACTERISTICS —	Continued			
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	Shipping costs) in whole dollars		(excluding shipping costs) in whole	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)	Σ	۵	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
40								
Mo	l de of trans columns (k				cel delivery, courier, or U.S. tal Service		Private truck 4 — R. For-hire truck Contin	ailroad
Iter	repri the d	esent one-v Il valu	all p veek p ue in v	orting period. This figroducts leaving this period. An estimate whole dollars	establishment for	\$2,000,00 □ Yes □ No	idual shipments with a value 0?	-
In exi	column (b sted on-si t you used), che i te di I the f	ck "Y uring facilit	es" or "No" for each 1997. For each "Ye y on your premises	type of shipping facility t s" in column (b), check "Y for outbound shipment :	o indicate whet es" or "No" in c s during 1997.	her or not this type of facility olumn (c) to indicate whethe	r or
	Туре	e of s	hippi	ng facility	Was a shipping facili on your premises du		Did you use this facility premises for outboun during 1997?	
			(a)		(b)		(c)	
	1. Rail sid	ing			1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No		1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	2. Dock or	n the	Grea	t Lakes	1 ☐ Yes — 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	3. Dock or	n inla	nd wa	ater	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	4. Dock or	n dee	p sea	water	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	5. Airport/ handlin	ʻlandi g you	ng st ır shi	rip capable of pments	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	6 Pineline	torn	ninal		1	→	1□ Yes 2□ No	

Page 6

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

Containerized? (Y/N)		estination or all shipment	ts.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use		Export? (Y/N)	airport, or border c	oments only) enter the U.S. port,	Export mode	Line No.	
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes	codes below.		City	Country	(n)	(0)	
(1)					(k)	(1)			(n)		
										35	
										36	
										37	
										38	
										20	
										39	
										40	
	5 — Shallow draft vesse6 — Deep draft vessel	el	7 — Pipel 8 — Air	ine		Othe Unkn	r mode own				
Item	J USE OF OFF-SITE	SHIPPING FA	CILITIES								
faci	olumn (b), check "Yes" o lity of that type for outb umn (c), and the mode of	ound shipme	nts during 19	97. Fo	or each "	Yes",	enter the miles to that	t off-site facility in			
Ту	Type of shipping facility Type of shipping facility Did you use this facility for outbookingments durin		utbound	off-site	Distance to the off-site facility of this type that you used most in 1997 (Report in miles – estimates are acceptable)			to reach that faci	to reach that facility (Enter a code from the list below)		
	(a)		(b)		(c)			(d)	(d)		
1. F	ail siding	1 □ Y 2 □ N	'es → lo								
2. [ock on the Great Lakes	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es → lo								
3. [Oock on inland water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
4. 🗆	Oock on deep sea water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
l c	Airport/landing strip apable of handling our shipments	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
6. F	ipeline terminal	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es ——→ Io								
1 – Trailer on Flat Car (TOFC) 3 – For-Hire Tru 2 – Private Truck 4 – Rail			ıck			5 – Water 6 – Pipeline	7 – Air 8 – Other				
			PLEASE	CONT	INUE (ON P	AGE 8.				

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97) Page 7

During 1997, did this location use any of the following types of equipment for outbound shipments? Please check "Yes" or "No." For rail cars reported in number 1 below, enter the approximate percentage of your total outbound rail shipments that used that type of rail car. These percentages should add to 100%. If you had no rail shipments, leave the percentages blank. Was this type of equipment Percentage of total Equipment used for outbound shipments rail shipments during 1993? (a) (b) (c) 1. Rail cars that: 1 ☐ Yes 2 No a. Your company owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes 2 No b. A common carrier owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes -2 ☐ No c. Another party owned/leased (e.g. receiver) 2. Trucks with 6 or more tires or 1 ☐ Yes truck-tractors that: 2 □ No a. Your company owned 1 ☐ Yes **b.** Your company leased, with driver 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 2 □ No c. Your company leased, without driver 1 ☐ Yes 2 □ No 3. Truck trailers that your company owned or leased 1 ☐ Yes 4. Aircraft that your company owned or leased 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 5. Barges that your company owned or leased 2 □ No 6. Other equipment that your company owned or leased – Specify ✓ 1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No Item L TRANSPORTATION DECISIONS During 1997, who generally decided on the mode of transportation for your outbound shipments? Check the appropriate box. 1 ☐ Your company 2 Receiver of shipment з 🗌 Other Remarks **CERTIFICATION** Item M Name of person to contact regarding this report - Please print Telephone number - Include area code Date

USE AND AVAILABILITY OF TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

Page 8 FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

Title

Signature

Item K

Instructions for Completing the Commodity Flow Survey

TIPS FOR COMPLETING THE CFS QUESTIONNAIRE

Please read all instructions.

You may use estimates if book figures are not readily available.

If you have questions about completing the survey, a Census Bureau representative will be glad to assist you. You can call us at 1-800-772-7851.

Some instructions are included on the questionnaire itself. However, due to space limitations, most of the instructions and definitions are included in separate reference materials. These include this instruction guide, and a listing of commodity codes to be used for classifying individual shipments in this survey.

PART I – GENERAL INFORMATION

Frequently Asked Questions About the Commodity Flow Survey (CFS)

Why are you conducting the CFS?

The CFS produces valuable measures of the demands on the nation's transportation system.

The results of the CFS are used by transportation policy makers to analyze future transportation needs.

Who reports in the CFS?

The CFS covers a sample of establishments in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, and selected retail industries.

Why is my participation important?

Your establishment was selected as part of a sample designed to represent a wide range of industries and geographic regions.

Your report helps ensure quality results.

Is this survey mandatory?

Yes. The CFS is mandatory under the authority of Title 13, United States Code (USC).

Will my data be kept confidential?

Yes. The same law that requires your participation, Title 13, USC, also guarantees your data will be kept strictly confidential.

The reports you provide the Census Bureau cannot be used for purposes of taxation, regulation, or investigation.

Your report is used only to develop summary data that do not reveal the activities of individual firms or establishments.

How often must I report?

You will be sent four questionnaires in all: one during each quarter of 1997.

The CFS will not be conducted again until 2002.

Page 2 CFS-1100 (11-7-96)

PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE

Items A - C

Please enter the information requested on your establishment's name, operational status, and physical location.

Item D

Enter in the space provided your total number of outbound shipments for the one week reporting period on the front of the questionnaire.

Please include in this count any materials picked up by the customer ("customer pick-up").

What we mean by a "shipment":

For the purposes of this survey, a shipment is a single movement of goods, commodities, products, etc. from your location to a customer or to another location of your company.

"Commodities" refer to items that your location produces, sells, or distributes, *not* to items that are considered by-products of your location's operation.

What we don't mean by a "shipment":

Do *not* include as shipments items such as inter-office memos, payroll checks, business correspondence, etc.

Do *not* include as shipments items such as refuse, scrap paper, waste, and recyclable materials **unless** your location is in the business of selling or providing these materials to others.

A special note about "shipments":

A full, or partial, truckload should be counted as a single shipment only if all the commodities on the truck are destined for one location.

If a truck makes multiple deliveries on a route, please count each stop as one shipment.

Item E: Sampling Instructions

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in Item D, complete Item F (Shipment Characteristics) for all of your shipments covered by the one-week reporting period.

If you reported more than 40 shipments in Item D, follow the instructions in Item E in order to select a sample of shipments on which to report in Item F.

By asking you to select a sample of your shipments for the one-week reporting period, we avoid asking you for information on all your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

Reminder: The files you are sampling from should reflect the full range of your location's shipping activities in terms of modes of transportation used, commodities shipped, and destinations.

We're here to answer your questions! If you have questions about the sampling process (or any part of the questionnaire) please call us at 1-800-772-7851.

CFS-1100 (11-7-96)

PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics

- Shipment ID Number (column b) Enter the invoice number, shipment number, or some other unique identification number that your establishment could use to find this particular shipping document if questions arise regarding your report.
- **Shipment Date (column c)** Enter the month and day of the shipment. If shipment date is not available, use the invoice/shipping document date. Use numbers only.
- Shipment Value (column d) Enter the dollar value, in whole dollars, of the entire shipment. The value should not include freight charges or excise taxes (i.e., report the net selling value, f.o.b. plant). If the value is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- **Shipment Weight (column e)** Enter the weight of the total shipment in whole pounds. If weight is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- Commodity Code (column f) Please use the list of Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) Codes in the enclosed SCTG Manual to select the proper code. For shipments with more than one commodity, enter only the code for the commodity with the greatest weight.
- **Commodity Description (column g)** Enter a brief description of the commodity shipped. For shipments with more than one commodity, describe only the commodity with the greatest weight. Do not use trade names, catalog numbers, or other codes not familiar to persons outside your business.

	×	1		×		<u></u>	
le No.	Shipment ID Number	da (c	ment ate	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description
(a)	(b)	Month	Dау	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 ₁ 6 ₁ 1 ₁ 2 ₁ 0	Electrical transformers
00	123-6	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline
1							
2							
3							
4							
	Mode of tra	anspoi s (k) a	rt code	es 1 — Parcel deli	very, courier, or U.S.	2 — Private true	

Page 4 CFS-1100 (11-7-96)

PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- For Hazardous Materials (column h) If shipment is a hazardous material, enter the 4-digit United Nations or North American number.
- Containerized (column i) Indicate whether or not the shipment was containerized by entering "Y" or "N" (yes or no). Containerized means that the shipment left your establishment in an intermodal container or stackable tank without permanently attached wheels. These containers typically vary from 20 to 53 feet in length, and are carried on truck chassis, trains, and ships.
- U.S. Destination: City, State, and ZIP Code (column j) For domestic shipments, enter the city, state, and 5-digit ZIP Code of the buyer/receiver as it appears on the shipping document. Use the "ship to" address. Use the two letter state abbreviation shown in Part IV.

For **export shipments**, report the U.S. **port of exit** as the destination city. The port of exit is the port or airport from which the shipment left the country. In case of land shipments into Mexico or Canada, it is the border crossing.

● Mode(s) of Transport (column k) – Enter the code(s) for all modes of transport used for the shipment to its U.S. destination (i.e., the destination reported in column j). Codes are located on the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire. Enter in the sequence used, all that apply. See Part III for definitions of each mode.

For Customer Pick-up: Report the mode(s) of transportation used, if known. Otherwise, report mode as "0" (unknown).

For Export Shipments: List only the mode(s) of transport used to reach the port, airport, or border crossing of exit.

If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"	Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destination	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply using codes shown		
number (h)	(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	below. (k)
	N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9 0 0 4 0	2, 4, 3
	N	New York	N_1Y	1,0,4,5,4	5
			ı		

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- Export Shipment (column I) Indicate whether or not the shipment is intended for export outside of the United States, by entering a "Y" or "N" (yes or no). For purposes of this survey, shipments to Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions are considered exports.
 - Foreign Destination: City and Country (column m) If the shipment is an export, enter the foreign city and country of destination. For U.S. Destination (column j), enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. In column (k), enter the mode of transport used to the U.S. destination.
 - **Export Mode (column n)** If the shipment is an export, enter the code for the mode of transport by which the shipment left the country. Codes are located at the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire.

			▼	•	
•	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de: (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border cı (n	ments only) enter the U.S. port, ossing of exit.	Export mode	Line No.
	(1)	City	Country	(n)	(o)
	N				0
	Y	London	England	6	00
					1
					2
					3
					4
					5

Items G - I

Please enter the information requested.

Item J: Certification

Please enter the name and telephone number of the person to contact in the event that we have a question about your report.

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PART III - MODE DEFINITIONS

Parcel delivery/Courier/U.S. Postal Service – Delivery services that carry letters, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.

Private truck – Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of this establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.

For-hire truck – Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.

Railroad - Any common carrier or private railroad.

Shallow draft vessel – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.

Deep draft vessel – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vesels.

Pipeline – Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc. through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.

Air – Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.

Other mode - Any mode not listed above.

Unknown – The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal service, and you cannot determine what mode of transportation is used.

Note: Commodities that are "shipped" under their own power, such as boats, barges, ferries, ships, aircraft, trucks, and trains **should be classified with the appropriate mode above.** Commodities shipped under their own power for which an appropriate mode is not listed (e.g., buses, recreational vehicles) should be listed as "**other" mode.**

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PART IV -- STATE ABBREVIATION LIST

State	Abbrev.	State	Abbrev.
Alabama	AL	Montana	MT
Alaska	AK	Nebraska	NE
Arizona	AZ	Nevada	NV
Arkansas	AR	New Hampshire	NH
California	CA	New Jersey	NJ
Colorado	СО	New Mexico	NM
Connecticut	СТ	New York	NY
Delaware	DE	North Carolina	NC
Dist. of Col.	DC	North Dakota	ND
Florida	FL	Ohio	ОН
Georgia	GA	Oklahoma	OK
Hawaii	HI	Oregon	OR
ldaho	ID	Pennsylvania	PA
Illinois	IL	Rhode Island	RI
Indiana	IN	South Carolina	SC
lowa	IA	South Dakota	SD
Kansas	KS	Tennessee	TN
Kentucky	KY	Texas	TX
Louisiana	LA	Utah	UT
Maine	ME	Vermont	VT
Maryland	MD	Virginia	VA
Massachusetts	MA	Washington	WA
Michigan	MI	West Virginia	WV
Minnesota	MN	Wisconsin	WI
Mississippi	MS	Wyoming	WY
Missouri	MO		

NOTICE - We estimate that it will take an average of 2 hours to complete this form. This includes time to read instructions, assemble and review information, and record answers on the form. If you have any comments regarding this estimate or any other aspect of this survey, send them to the Associate Director for Administration, Attn: Paperwork Reduction Project 0607-0189, Room 3104, Federal Building 3, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-0001. Respondents are not required to respond to any information collection unless it displays a valid approval number in the top right corner on the front of the questionnaire.

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